



Office of Workforce Development
Bureau of Labor Market Information

Ohio Labor Market Review

January 2007

Summary. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in Ohio fell from 5.6 percent in December 2006 to 5.3 percent in January 2007. The national rate was 4.6 percent, up from 4.5 percent in December. Total employment in Ohio increased 33,000 from December to 5,657,000. The number not employed but seeking work, at 320,000 in January, was 14,000 lower. Nonagricultural wage and salary employment (seasonally adjusted) totaled 5,430,800 in January, down 12,000 from December.

Goods-Producing Industries. Goods-producing industries, at 1,024,300, were down 3,500. Decreases of 4,000 in durable goods and 1,300 in nondurable goods lowered manufacturing 5,300. Natural resources and mining lost 400 jobs. Employment in construction rose 2,200.

Service-Providing Industries. Declines in professional and business services (-6,300) were chiefly responsible as service-providing industries dropped 8,500 to 4,406,500. Also down were financial activities (-1,800), other services (-1,000), information (-800), and educational and health services (-200). Trade, transportation, and utilities rose 800 as gains in wholesale and retail trade were partially offset by losses in transportation, warehousing, and utilities. Leisure and hospitality advanced 700. An increase of 2,700 in state government was negated by decreases in federal and local government, boosting government employment 100.

Over the Year. Ohio's unemployment rate, at 5.3 percent in January 2007, was down from 5.5 percent in January 2006. The national rate dropped from 4.7 percent to 4.6 percent over the year. Total employment in Ohio was 73,000 higher than January 2006, while total unemployment was down 2,000. Nonagricultural payroll employment fell 16,600 over the year. The largest losses were in manufacturing (-22,400) and construction (-4,500). Smaller declines were noted in financial activities (-2,800), other services (-1,700), leisure and hospitality (-1,600), information (-1,000), and natural resources and mining (-200). Educational and health services rose 9,400 from January 2006, while professional and business services advanced 5,400. Increases also occurred in trade, transportation, and utilities (+2,600) and government (+200).

Factory Hours and Earnings. Production workers in manufacturing industries in Ohio earned an average of \$806.21 per week in January, down \$14.05 from December. Their average workweek of 41.6 hours was 0.4 hours lower. Over the year, average weekly earnings rose \$20.52. Durable-goods earnings (\$888.28) were down \$14.84 from December but up \$28.81 from January 2006. Earnings in nondurable goods, at \$619.69, were down \$8.47 over the month but up \$9.02 over the year.

Benefits and Costs. Initial claims filed under the Ohio Unemployment Compensation Law numbered 85,635 in January, down 0.8 percent from December but up 4.6 percent from January 2006. Total benefits paid rose 54.2 percent to \$145.6 million. The average weekly benefit payment of \$293.23 was \$3.44 lower than in December. The average weekly number of benefit recipients, at 109,797, was up 42.6 percent from last month. At the end of January, there were 227,104 active employer accounts.

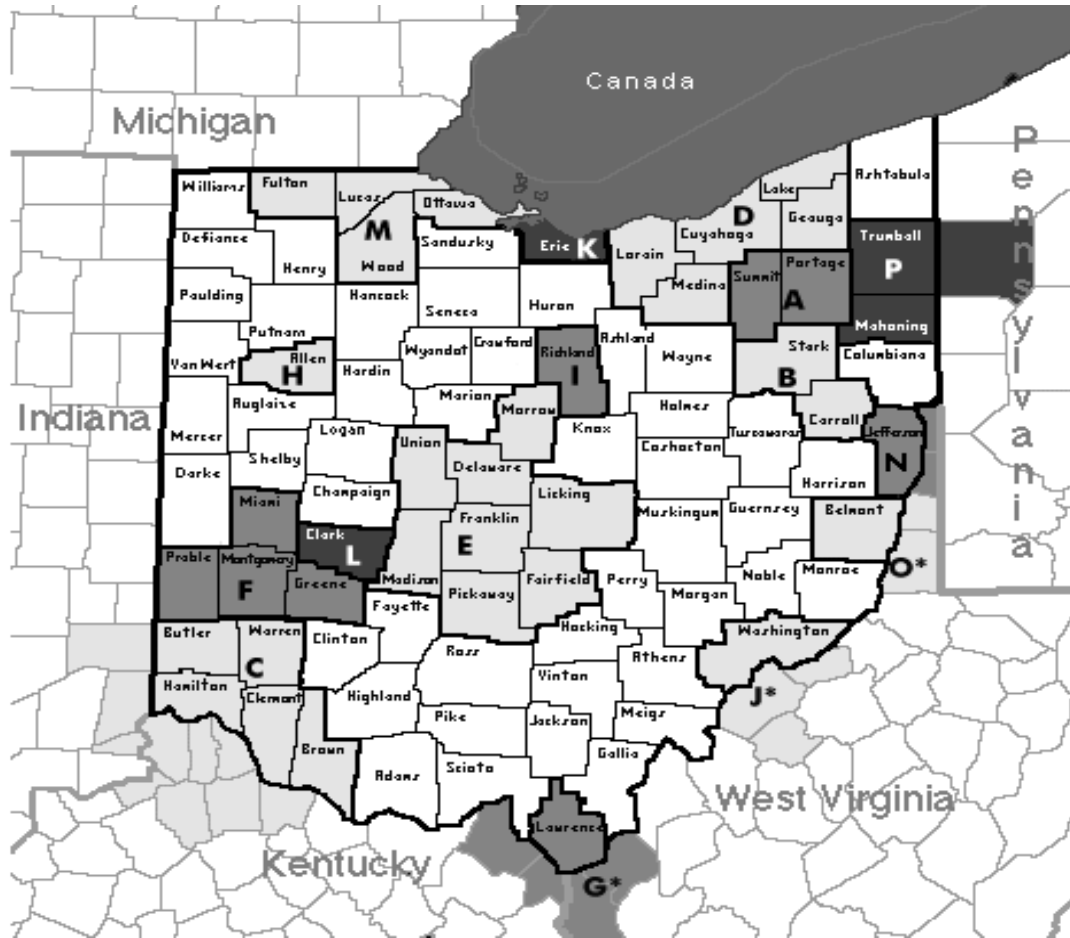
Ohio Department of Job & Family Services

Ted Strickland, *Governor*

Helen E. Jones-Kelley, *Director*

Ohio Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs)

Developed by the United States Office of Management and Budget, Metropolitan Statistical Areas are integrated geographic regions comprised of at least one city and adjacent communities. Metropolitan Statistical Areas make it possible for Federal statistical agencies to utilize the same boundaries when publishing statistical data. Information on the new statistical area designations based on the 2000 Census may be found at www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm.



A. Akron MSA	G. * Huntington-Ashland MSA, including Boyd and Greenup in Kentucky, and Cabell and Wayne in West Virginia	K. Sandusky MSA
B. Canton-Massillon MSA		L. Springfield MSA
C. Cincinnati-Middletown MSA, including Dearborn, Franklin and Ohio in Indiana and Boone, Bracken, Campbell, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, and Pendleton in Kentucky		M. Toledo MSA
D. Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor MSA	H. Lima MSA	N. Weirton-Steubenville MSA, including Brooke and Hancock in West Virginia
E. Columbus MSA	I. Mansfield MSA	O. * Wheeling MSA, including Marshall and Ohio in West Virginia
F. Dayton MSA	J. * Parkersburg-Marietta-Vienna MSA, including Pleasants, Wirt, and Wood In West Virginia	P. Youngstown-Warren-Boardman MSA, including Mercer in Pennsylvania
* West Virginia MSAs that include Ohio counties. Data may be viewed at http://www.wvbep.org/bep/lmi/ .		

**The Ohio Labor Market Review
is available on our website at
<http://lmi.state.oh.us/ces/lmr.htm>**

Users may access the latest edition of the *Ohio Labor Market Review* at this web address during the last week of the month following the reference month. If you have questions about the data, please contact Neal Wallingford at Wallin@odjfs.state.oh.us or the Bureau of Labor Market Information at (800) 543-4953.

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Current estimates are preliminary, based upon employment trends reported by a sample of employers. Estimates are revised annually.

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Ohio
Civilian Labor Force and Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment Estimates
Seasonally Adjusted^a

	Employment in Thousands (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)		Percent Change	
	January 2007	December 2006	January 2006	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
LAUS Program^b							
Civilian Labor Force	5,977.0	5,958.0	5,907.0	19.0	70.0	0.3	1.2
Employment	5,657.0	5,624.0	5,584.0	33.0	73.0	0.6	1.3
Unemployment	320.0	334.0	322.0	-14.0	-2.0	-4.2	-0.6
Unemployment Rate	5.3%	5.6%	5.5%				
Employer Survey Data^c							
Total	5,430.8	5,442.8	5,447.4	-12.0	-16.6	-0.2	-0.3
Goods-Producing Industries	1,024.3	1,027.8	1,051.4	-3.5	-27.1	-0.3	-2.6
Natural Resources and Mining	11.3	11.7	11.5	-0.4	-0.2	-3.4	-1.7
Construction	230.2	228.0	234.7	2.2	-4.5	1.0	-1.9
Manufacturing	782.8	788.1	805.2	-5.3	-22.4	-0.7	-2.8
Durable Goods	536.9	540.9	553.9	-4.0	-17.0	-0.7	-3.1
Nondurable Goods	245.9	247.2	251.3	-1.3	-5.4	-0.5	-2.1
Service-Providing Industries	4,406.5	4,415.0	4,396.0	-8.5	10.5	-0.2	0.2
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	1,049.9	1,049.1	1,047.3	0.8	2.6	0.1	0.2
Wholesale Trade	240.3	238.7	237.4	1.6	2.9	0.7	1.2
Retail Trade	603.0	602.4	607.7	0.6	-4.7	0.1	-0.8
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	206.6	208.0	202.2	-1.4	4.4	-0.7	2.2
Information	88.2	89.0	89.2	-0.8	-1.0	-0.9	-1.1
Financial Activities	305.4	307.2	308.2	-1.8	-2.8	-0.6	-0.9
Finance and Insurance	237.9	239.2	239.2	-1.3	-1.3	-0.5	-0.5
Real Estate & Rental & Leasing	67.5	68.0	69.0	-0.5	-1.5	-0.7	-2.2
Professional & Business Services	658.4	664.7	653.0	-6.3	5.4	-0.9	0.8
Professional & Technical Services	243.1	242.2	236.4	0.9	6.7	0.4	2.8
Management of Companies and Enterprises	101.9	102.0	101.7	-0.1	0.2	-0.1	0.2
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	313.4	320.5	314.9	-7.1	-1.5	-2.2	-0.5
Educational & Health Services	781.8	782.0	772.4	-0.2	9.4	0.0	1.2
Educational Services	96.1	96.5	96.1	-0.4	0.0	-0.4	0.0
Health Care & Social Assistance	685.7	685.5	676.3	0.2	9.4	0.0	1.4
Leisure & Hospitality	499.5	498.8	501.1	0.7	-1.6	0.1	-0.3
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	62.9	64.5	67.1	-1.6	-4.2	-2.5	-6.3
Accommodation & Food Services	436.6	434.3	434.0	2.3	2.6	0.5	0.6
Other Services	221.8	222.8	223.5	-1.0	-1.7	-0.4	-0.8
Government	801.5	801.4	801.3	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
Federal Government	75.3	75.9	76.7	-0.6	-1.4	-0.8	-1.8
State Government	169.9	167.2	169.8	2.7	0.1	1.6	0.1
Local Government	556.3	558.3	554.8	-2.0	1.5	-0.4	0.3

^aData for latest month are preliminary, although other months are subject to revision. Subtotals may not add to totals due to rounding. Unemployment rates are computed from unrounded figures. All data exclude military personnel. ^bData are Local Area Unemployment Statistics estimates based on place of residence. ^cFrom the Current Employment Statistics Survey, a monthly survey of approximately 12,100 employers conducted by ODJFS in cooperation with the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Estimates represent nonagricultural wage and salary jobs by place of work. ^dDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Ohio Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment

(in thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted

	Goods & Service Total	Goods Producing				Service Providing								
		Goods Producing Total	Natural Resources & Mining	Construction	Manufacturing	Service Providing Total	Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	Information	Financial Activities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Leisure & Hospitality	Other Services	Government
2005														
January	5,407.4	1,059.1	11.3	231.5	816.3	4,348.3	1,041.2	90.3	308.3	634.0	753.7	498.1	224.7	798.0
February	5,415.6	1,059.0	11.3	232.1	815.6	4,356.6	1,042.8	90.0	307.9	636.4	754.4	499.3	225.2	800.6
March	5,413.2	1,055.5	11.2	228.8	815.5	4,357.7	1,044.1	89.7	307.3	636.5	756.4	499.6	224.8	799.3
April	5,434.2	1,060.4	11.3	234.6	814.5	4,373.8	1,046.5	90.4	308.3	642.0	758.6	502.9	225.6	799.5
May	5,428.0	1,058.5	11.3	234.2	813.0	4,369.5	1,044.4	90.5	308.2	641.5	759.7	500.4	224.9	799.9
June	5,423.0	1,056.8	11.3	234.2	811.3	4,366.2	1,042.1	90.1	308.3	640.5	762.1	500.2	224.7	798.2
July	5,431.6	1,058.9	11.5	234.2	813.2	4,372.7	1,043.5	89.9	308.6	643.8	763.0	499.7	224.3	799.9
August	5,429.9	1,054.8	11.3	233.7	809.8	4,375.1	1,041.9	89.7	308.9	645.7	764.9	499.2	224.2	800.6
September	5,439.6	1,055.0	11.4	233.9	809.7	4,384.6	1,042.4	89.9	309.0	650.3	767.5	501.3	224.0	800.2
October	5,429.9	1,052.1	11.5	232.5	808.1	4,377.8	1,038.5	89.6	309.4	649.8	767.3	499.2	223.6	800.4
November	5,435.6	1,052.5	11.5	234.1	806.9	4,383.1	1,041.4	89.4	309.0	650.1	768.9	499.9	224.1	800.3
December	5,433.9	1,047.8	11.5	231.2	805.1	4,386.1	1,044.1	89.4	308.5	652.7	770.4	498.4	223.7	798.9
2006														
January	5,447.4	1,051.4	11.5	234.7	805.2	4,396.0	1,047.3	89.2	308.2	653.0	772.4	501.1	223.5	801.3
February	5,447.5	1,050.5	11.5	235.6	803.4	4,397.0	1,046.5	89.1	307.7	653.5	774.6	503.0	223.3	799.3
March	5,448.0	1,047.1	11.6	234.4	801.1	4,400.9	1,046.4	88.9	307.8	655.7	776.8	503.3	222.9	799.1
April	5,443.5	1,046.1	11.6	233.6	800.9	4,397.4	1,046.4	88.7	308.0	655.7	775.5	501.2	222.5	799.4
May	5,442.0	1,041.9	11.6	231.7	798.6	4,400.1	1,046.9	88.5	307.8	656.0	776.8	501.0	222.5	800.6
June	5,447.3	1,041.8	11.6	230.3	799.9	4,405.5	1,047.3	88.3	307.5	658.7	777.4	502.2	223.6	800.5
July	5,435.7	1,036.7	11.6	228.5	796.6	4,399.0	1,045.3	88.3	307.0	655.3	777.9	501.5	222.8	800.9
August	5,438.5	1,033.9	11.6	229.0	793.3	4,404.6	1,046.2	88.3	306.3	658.5	779.6	501.2	222.1	802.4
September	5,438.1	1,032.3	11.5	228.9	791.9	4,405.8	1,047.0	88.3	306.8	658.0	779.8	499.8	222.9	803.2
October	5,441.1	1,035.2	11.7	229.4	794.1	4,405.9	1,046.7	88.7	306.9	661.9	778.6	497.6	222.8	802.7
November	5,443.7	1,031.8	11.7	229.1	791.0	4,411.9	1,046.8	88.9	307.0	662.3	780.9	500.7	223.2	802.1
December	5,442.8	1,027.8	11.7	228.0	788.1	4,415.0	1,049.1	89.0	307.2	664.7	782.0	498.8	222.8	801.4
2007														
January	5,430.8	1,024.3	11.3	230.2	782.8	4,406.5	1,049.9	88.2	305.4	658.4	781.8	499.5	221.8	801.5

Ohio Civilian Labor Force Estimates

(in thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted

	Civilian Labor Force			Unemployment Rates	
	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Ohio	U.S.
1996	5,661	5,379	282	5.0%	5.4%
1997	5,713	5,448	265	4.6%	4.9%
1998	5,737	5,489	248	4.3%	4.5%
1999	5,781	5,534	246	4.3%	4.2%
2000	5,807	5,573	234	4.0%	4.0%
2001	5,826	5,567	259	4.4%	4.7%
2002	5,840	5,504	336	5.7%	5.8%
2003	5,867	5,504	363	6.2%	6.0%
2004	5,875	5,512	363	6.2%	5.5%
2005	5,900	5,550	350	5.9%	5.1%
2006	5,934	5,609	325	5.5%	4.6%
2006					
January	5,908	5,596	312	5.3%	4.7%
February	5,903	5,588	315	5.3%	4.8%
March	5,899	5,605	294	5.0%	4.7%
April	5,927	5,600	327	5.5%	4.7%
May	5,913	5,601	312	5.3%	4.6%
June	5,924	5,622	302	5.1%	4.6%
July	5,937	5,593	344	5.8%	4.8%
August	5,936	5,595	341	5.7%	4.7%
September	5,971	5,655	316	5.3%	4.6%
October	5,982	5,675	306	5.1%	5.1%
November	5,965	5,644	321	5.4%	4.5%
December	5,992	5,657	335	5.6%	4.5%
2007					
January	5,977	5,657	320	5.3%	4.6%

Selected Unemployment Insurance Activities in Ohio

	January 2007	December 2006	January 2006
Initial Claims	85,635	86,367	81,839
Continued Claims	558,316	475,963	633,067
First Payments	49,541	28,880	50,088
Last Payments	7,737	5,764	8,049
Average Weekly Claimants	121,373	113,325	146,159
Average Weekly Benefit Recipients	109,797	76,999	115,299
Weeks Claimed that were Actually Paid	505,064	323,395	507,314
Benefits Paid	\$145,579,297	\$94,384,620	\$142,611,514
Average Weekly Payment	\$293.23	\$296.67	\$280.43
Continued Claims for Survey Week	126,435	107,436	131,831
Insured Unemployment Rate	2.3%	2.2%	2.8%
Active Employer Accounts	227,104	227,244	229,713

Ohio
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment ^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment <i>(in thousands)</i>			Change <i>(in thousands)</i>	
	January 2007 ^b	December 2006 ^c	January 2006 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	5,321.3	5,491.9	5,326.3	-170.6	-5.0
Goods-Producing Industries	995.0	1,029.5	1,018.1	-34.5	-23.1
Natural Resources and Mining	11.0	11.6	11.0	-0.6	0.0
Construction	205.2	226.9	208.1	-21.7	-2.9
Construction of Buildings	52.3	55.6	52.7	-3.3	-0.4
Nonresidential Building Construction	27.0	28.1	26.1	-1.1	0.9
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	17.5	22.8	17.9	-5.3	-0.4
Specialty Trade Contractors	135.4	148.5	137.5	-13.1	-2.1
Manufacturing	778.8	791.0	799.0	-12.2	-20.2
<i>Durable Goods^d</i>	534.1	543.1	549.5	-9.0	-15.4
Nonmetallic Mineral Products	30.7	31.9	30.9	-1.2	-0.2
Primary Metals	48.4	49.6	52.6	-1.2	-4.2
Iron and Steel Mills and Ferroalloy Mfg.	12.4	12.6	13.5	-0.2	-1.1
Fabricated Metal Products	116.8	117.3	116.3	-0.5	0.5
Machine Shops and Threaded Products	26.4	26.5	26.2	-0.1	0.2
Machinery Manufacturing	84.8	84.9	83.7	-0.1	1.1
Metalworking Machinery	24.6	24.6	25.2	0.0	-0.6
Computer and Electronic Products	21.6	21.9	22.4	-0.3	-0.8
Electrical Equipment and Appliance Mfg.	31.3	31.4	32.2	-0.1	-0.9
Electric Lighting Equipment	4.7	4.7	5.4	0.0	-0.7
Household Appliances	11.0	10.9	11.2	0.1	-0.2
Transportation Equipment	139.4	143.9	148.0	-4.5	-8.6
Motor Vehicles	24.5	27.2	28.9	-2.7	-4.4
Motor Vehicle Parts	86.6	88.5	92.1	-1.9	-5.5
Aerospace Products and Parts	15.9	16.1	15.4	-0.2	0.5
Furniture and Related Products	20.1	20.6	21.4	-0.5	-1.3
<i>Nondurable Goods^e</i>	244.7	247.9	249.5	-3.2	-4.8
Food Manufacturing	52.9	54.1	53.2	-1.2	-0.3
Dairy Products	7.4	7.4	7.7	0.0	-0.3
Printing and Related Support Activities	30.6	31.3	31.8	-0.7	-1.2
Chemical Manufacturing	47.0	47.0	47.4	0.0	-0.4
Plastics and Rubber Products	68.1	68.0	70.0	0.1	-1.9
Plastics Products	48.6	49.3	49.9	-0.7	-1.3
Rubber Products	19.5	18.7	20.1	0.8	-0.6

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Ohio
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

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	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	January 2007 ^b	December 2006 ^c	January 2006 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Service-Providing Industries	4,326.3	4,462.4	4,308.2	-136.1	18.1
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	1,035.4	1,084.8	1,034.4	-49.4	1.0
<i>Wholesale Trade</i>	237.3	239.9	234.7	-2.6	2.6
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	132.0	133.2	131.3	-1.2	0.7
Professional and Commercial Equipment	24.9	25.0	24.8	-0.1	0.1
Machinery, Equipment, and Supplies	34.2	34.5	33.5	-0.3	0.7
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	77.1	78.3	76.7	-1.2	0.4
<i>Retail Trade</i>	594.4	633.5	599.9	-39.1	-5.5
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	74.0	75.1	75.3	-1.1	-1.3
Automobile Dealers	47.4	47.8	48.3	-0.4	-0.9
Furniture and Home Furnishings Stores	18.7	19.4	19.1	-0.7	-0.4
Building Material and Garden Supply Stores	45.8	48.2	45.7	-2.4	0.1
Building Material and Supplies Dealers	40.0	41.0	40.1	-1.0	-0.1
Food and Beverage Stores ⁿ	108.1	112.7	108.4	-4.6	-0.3
Grocery Stores ⁿ	96.1	97.8	95.2	-1.7	0.9
Health and Personal Care Stores	36.3	38.2	37.2	-1.9	-0.9
Gasoline Stations	34.6	35.2	35.1	-0.6	-0.5
Clothing and Clothing Accessories Stores	50.2	56.4	50.6	-6.2	-0.4
General Merchandise Stores ⁿ	123.8	133.3	123.4	-9.5	0.4
Department Stores	78.3	86.4	77.3	-8.1	1.0
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	35.7	38.4	36.5	-2.7	-0.8
<i>Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities</i>	203.7	211.4	199.8	-7.7	3.9
Utilities	20.8	20.8	20.2	0.0	0.6
Transportation and Warehousing	182.9	190.6	179.6	-7.7	3.3
Air Transportation	12.4	12.4	12.7	0.0	-0.3
Truck Transportation	67.2	69.4	65.6	-2.2	1.6
Information	87.9	89.2	88.8	-1.3	-0.9
Publishing Industries, Except Internet	30.7	31.0	31.6	-0.3	-0.9
Telecommunications	29.6	29.6	29.3	0.0	0.3
Financial Activities	303.5	307.2	305.6	-3.7	-2.1
Finance and Insurance	237.1	239.5	238.2	-2.4	-1.1
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	112.6	114.0	114.4	-1.4	-1.8
Depository Credit Intermediation	71.2	71.9	71.8	-0.7	-0.6
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	105.9	106.7	105.6	-0.8	0.3
Insurance Carriers	71.9	72.2	71.7	-0.3	0.2
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	66.4	67.7	67.4	-1.3	-1.0

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Ohio
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

- continued -

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	January 2007 ^b	December 2006 ^c	January 2006 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Professional and Business Services	640.6	664.5	633.4	-23.9	7.2
Professional and Technical Services	243.2	243.2	238.4	0.0	4.8
Legal Services	38.1	38.5	38.5	-0.4	-0.4
Accounting and Bookkeeping Services	36.5	32.8	36.2	3.7	0.3
Architectural and Engineering Services	41.8	42.4	40.4	-0.6	1.4
Computer Systems Design and Related Services	45.3	45.3	42.9	0.0	2.4
Management and Technical Consulting Services	25.1	25.5	23.2	-0.4	1.9
Advertising and Related Services	15.1	15.5	15.0	-0.4	0.1
Management of Companies and Enterprises	101.3	102.2	101.3	-0.9	0.0
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	296.1	319.1	293.7	-23.0	2.4
Administrative and Support Services	281.9	304.1	279.6	-22.2	2.3
Employment Services	133.3	148.5	136.2	-15.2	-2.9
Business Support Services	33.1	33.3	31.5	-0.2	1.6
Services to Buildings and Dwellings	56.0	62.1	53.9	-6.1	2.1
Educational and Health Services	778.5	791.9	766.8	-13.4	11.7
Educational Services	96.4	102.8	95.5	-6.4	0.9
Colleges and Universities	50.6	56.5	48.8	-5.9	1.8
Health Care and Social Assistance	682.1	689.1	671.3	-7.0	10.8
Hospitals	219.8	221.1	220.5	-1.3	-0.7
Nursing and Residential Care Facilities	159.9	162.1	158.2	-2.2	1.7
Social Assistance	78.8	79.2	76.2	-0.4	2.6
Leisure and Hospitality	465.2	485.8	463.8	-20.6	1.4
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	46.5	53.6	48.3	-7.1	-1.8
Accommodation and Food Services	418.7	432.2	415.5	-13.5	3.2
Accommodation	31.4	32.5	31.4	-1.1	0.0
Food Services and Drinking Places	387.3	399.7	384.1	-12.4	3.2
Other Services	219.4	222.8	219.9	-3.4	-0.5
Repair and Maintenance	45.5	46.1	46.1	-0.6	-0.6
Personal and Laundry Services	59.1	60.2	59.0	-1.1	0.1
Membership Associations and Organizations	114.8	116.5	114.8	-1.7	0.0
Government	795.8	816.2	795.5	-20.4	0.3
Federal Government	75.3	77.1	76.5	-1.8	-1.2
U.S. Postal Service	29.7	30.6	30.5	-0.9	-0.8
State Government	169.0	173.7	169.1	-4.7	-0.1
State Government Education [†]	92.0	97.6	92.4	-5.6	-0.4
State Government Hospitals	13.4	13.3	13.0	0.1	0.4
Local Government	551.5	565.4	549.9	-13.9	1.6
Local Government Education	306.1	317.8	308.3	-11.7	-2.2
Local Government Hospitals	17.1	17.1	16.9	0.0	0.2

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes textile mills; textile products mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; petroleum and coal products. ^fIncludes State universities, State schools for the deaf and blind, and the State library. Excludes the agricultural extension service, agricultural research centers, and the Ohio Department of Education. ^gDepressed due to labor-management disputes. ^hNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in industry definition.

Ohio

Hours and Earnings of Production or Nonsupervisory Workers^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan 2007 ^b	Dec 2006 ^c	Jan 2006 ^c	Jan 2007 ^b	Dec 2006 ^c	Jan 2006 ^c	Jan 2007 ^b	Dec 2006 ^c	Jan 2006 ^c
Goods-Producing Industries	\$801.72	\$822.70	\$787.87	40.8	41.3	40.3	\$19.65	\$19.92	\$19.55
Construction	785.54	834.53	788.63	37.3	38.6	37.5	21.06	21.62	21.03
Nonresidential Building Construction	902.00	883.20	842.98	41.0	40.0	38.3	22.00	22.08	22.01
Manufacturing	806.21	820.26	785.69	41.6	42.0	40.9	19.38	19.53	19.21
Durable Goods^d	888.28	903.12	859.47	42.4	42.6	41.5	20.95	21.20	20.71
Primary Metals	1,056.13	1,068.62	1,126.59	45.7	44.6	43.7	23.11	23.96	25.78
Fabricated Metal Products	666.52	700.90	640.39	40.2	41.4	40.2	16.58	16.93	15.93
Machine Shops & Threaded Products	676.89	749.52	721.22	40.1	43.4	42.6	16.88	17.27	16.93
Machinery Manufacturing	715.29	749.62	666.67	42.3	44.7	40.8	16.91	16.77	16.34
Transportation Equipment	1,140.55	1,119.29	1,117.33	43.4	43.0	42.5	26.28	26.03	26.29
Motor Vehicle Parts	1,077.27	1,068.21	1,089.23	44.7	43.3	42.9	24.10	24.67	25.39
Nondurable Goods^e	619.69	628.16	610.67	39.8	40.5	39.5	15.57	15.51	15.46
Food Manufacturing ^g	576.82	586.04	546.48	39.4	40.5	36.8	14.64	14.47	14.85
Chemical Manufacturing	741.13	750.67	764.60	38.5	40.1	40.2	19.25	18.72	19.02
Plastics and Rubber Products	623.07	660.11	590.56	43.0	43.4	40.7	14.49	15.21	14.51
Plastics Products	649.94	707.78	584.32	44.7	45.9	41.5	14.54	15.42	14.08
Service-Providing Industries
Trade, Transportation, Utilities	457.69	464.31	447.53	32.3	33.5	32.5	14.17	13.86	13.77
Wholesale Trade	645.92	656.75	640.10	36.7	37.0	37.0	17.60	17.75	17.30
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	651.57	667.96	605.63	38.6	38.7	37.5	16.88	17.26	16.15
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	651.00	644.68	598.78	37.5	37.2	36.4	17.36	17.33	16.45
Retail Trade^f	311.61	326.16	317.17	28.2	30.2	28.6	11.05	10.80	11.09
Transportation, Warehousing, Utilities	689.99	686.91	636.74	39.7	40.1	39.5	17.38	17.13	16.12
Financial Activities	647.76	636.64	644.78	36.7	36.4	37.4	17.65	17.49	17.24
Finance and Insurance	696.16	688.26	677.27	38.0	37.9	37.9	18.32	18.16	17.87
Depository Credit Intermediation	416.99	412.87	444.54	35.1	35.5	36.2	11.88	11.63	12.28
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities	758.88	767.53	746.10	39.3	39.1	38.9	19.31	19.63	19.18
Insurance Carriers	755.40	768.58	797.06	38.6	38.7	38.9	19.57	19.86	20.49
Health Care and Social Assistance	505.54	487.34	490.47	31.4	31.1	31.4	16.10	15.67	15.62

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing.

^eIncludes beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; petroleum and coal products.

^fMoney payments only; tips not included. ^gNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in sample composition.

Ohio Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment

(in thousands)

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Goods & Service Total	Goods Producing				Service Providing								
		Goods Producing Total	Natural Resources & Mining	Construction	Manufacturing	Service Providing Total	Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	Information	Financial Activities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Leisure & Hospitality	Other Services	Government
1996	5,296.4	1,259.2	13.8	215.2	1,030.1	4,037.3	1,048.5	99.4	276.0	553.5	635.6	456.4	215.7	752.3
1997	5,392.5	1,266.2	13.7	224.6	1,027.8	4,126.3	1,069.7	101.6	284.3	587.6	642.6	463.8	218.9	757.9
1998	5,482.1	1,275.4	13.8	231.0	1,030.7	4,206.7	1,085.5	104.4	292.9	614.5	657.8	468.9	219.3	763.4
1999	5,563.6	1,281.6	13.5	240.4	1,027.7	4,282.0	1,102.6	106.2	303.5	633.2	669.0	476.7	218.7	772.2
2000	5,624.7	1,280.1	12.9	246.1	1,021.0	4,344.6	1,115.3	107.2	305.2	644.9	680.3	483.3	223.3	785.1
2001	5,542.6	1,206.5	12.9	240.5	953.0	4,336.2	1,095.8	106.3	307.3	629.0	694.0	481.6	228.1	794.0
2002	5,445.0	1,133.3	12.1	236.2	885.0	4,311.7	1,061.1	101.0	308.4	615.6	711.4	485.5	228.6	800.2
2003	5,397.7	1,086.0	11.7	231.2	843.1	4,311.7	1,043.9	96.5	311.8	611.7	729.8	488.3	227.1	802.6
2004	5,408.4	1,068.3	11.7	234.6	822.1	4,340.1	1,039.7	92.2	310.9	626.5	746.3	495.8	226.9	801.7
2005	5,428.6	1,057.9	11.3	233.2	813.4	4,370.6	1,043.8	90.0	309.0	641.6	760.9	501.3	225.0	799.1
2006	5,441.3	1,039.4	11.6	231.1	796.8	4,401.9	1,046.4	88.7	307.3	656.9	777.6	501.3	222.9	800.9
2006														
January	5,326.3	1,018.1	11.0	208.1	799.0	4,308.2	1,034.4	88.8	305.6	633.4	766.8	463.8	219.9	795.5
February	5,347.0	1,016.0	11.0	207.5	797.5	4,331.0	1,024.5	88.6	305.5	636.0	777.6	467.4	220.4	811.0
March	5,389.7	1,024.1	11.2	215.2	797.7	4,365.6	1,029.7	88.7	306.3	644.2	781.0	479.5	222.1	814.1
April	5,435.0	1,038.9	11.6	227.5	799.8	4,396.1	1,035.2	88.2	306.6	653.5	780.8	497.0	222.5	812.3
May	5,479.6	1,046.2	11.7	235.4	799.1	4,433.4	1,044.0	88.6	307.6	654.9	777.1	517.8	224.0	819.4
June	5,497.0	1,059.3	11.8	242.2	805.3	4,437.7	1,048.3	89.0	309.7	664.7	768.2	534.1	226.5	797.2
July	5,434.4	1,049.4	11.8	244.6	793.0	4,385.0	1,044.6	89.0	309.3	661.0	762.9	533.2	224.8	760.2
August	5,447.4	1,054.1	11.9	245.3	796.9	4,393.3	1,046.3	88.9	308.6	669.2	764.5	533.7	223.8	758.3
September	5,467.2	1,048.8	11.7	242.1	795.0	4,418.4	1,043.0	88.1	307.0	666.3	781.2	515.8	222.6	794.4
October	5,483.7	1,047.5	11.8	240.9	794.8	4,436.2	1,051.8	88.4	306.7	669.1	787.3	496.9	222.4	813.6
November	5,496.7	1,040.9	11.8	237.2	791.9	4,455.8	1,070.2	89.0	306.9	666.2	791.4	490.6	222.9	818.6
December	5,491.9	1,029.5	11.6	226.9	791.0	4,462.4	1,084.8	89.2	307.2	664.5	791.9	485.8	222.8	816.2
2007														
January	5,321.3	995.0	11.0	205.2	778.8	4,326.3	1,035.4	87.9	303.5	640.6	778.5	465.2	219.4	795.8

Akron Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Portage
Summit



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Akron metropolitan area dropped 9,200 below the December 2006 level to 335,400 in January 2007. Declines in trade, transportation, and utilities, government, leisure and hospitality, professional and business services, and educational and health services lowered employment in the service-providing sector 7,200. The workforce in goods-producing industries decreased 2,000 over the month to 60,200 due to less business in natural resources, mining, and construction and a modest reduction in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment advanced 5,000 between January 2006 and January 2007. Expansion in service-providing industries created 5,200 jobs. The leading growth sector was professional and business services (+5,400). The goods-producing sector lost 200 jobs over the year as a decline in manufacturing exceeded a modest gain in natural resources, mining, and construction.

Akron MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate	
Total	Employed	Unemployed		
361.8	344.8	17.0	4.7%	1996
362.3	346.3	16.1	4.4%	1997
360.1	345.5	14.7	4.1%	1998
363.5	348.2	15.3	4.2%	1999
363.5	348.6	14.9	4.1%	2000
363.4	347.0	16.4	4.5%	2001
364.6	343.2	21.4	5.9%	2002
369.8	347.3	22.5	6.1%	2003
373.3	350.9	22.4	6.0%	2004
379.8	358.0	21.8	5.7%	2005
384.7	364.4	20.3	5.3%	2006
				2006
376.6	354.1	22.6	6.0%	January
378.3	355.2	23.1	6.1%	February
378.6	358.0	20.7	5.5%	March
380.3	360.1	20.2	5.3%	April
382.4	364.2	18.2	4.8%	May
383.3	363.4	19.9	5.2%	June
388.5	367.5	21.0	5.4%	July
388.5	368.5	20.1	5.2%	August
387.5	368.4	19.1	4.9%	September
390.4	372.1	18.3	4.7%	October
391.3	371.7	19.6	5.0%	November
390.5	369.9	20.6	5.3%	December
				2007
385.2	362.4	22.8	5.9%	January

Akron MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)					
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport, Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government
316.8	63.1	59.8	35.3	37.5	46.7
320.2	62.3	61.0	35.3	37.9	47.2
322.5	62.5	61.4	35.8	38.2	47.3
328.6	63.0	63.2	37.4	39.0	47.6
330.8	62.1	64.9	37.8	39.5	47.8
327.3	57.0	66.6	38.2	39.3	48.1
322.2	49.7 ^a	65.1	39.7 ^a	40.8	48.5
326.8	49.6	65.4 ^a	41.9	41.6	49.9
328.5	49.3	65.7	43.6	42.8	50.0
337.7	49.3	68.3	46.7	44.3	49.8
339.7	47.7	67.4	51.2	45.1	49.3
330.4	47.7	67.0	47.0	44.6	49.6
332.4	48.0	66.3	47.4	44.7	51.5
334.6	48.2	66.3	47.8	44.9	51.5
338.4	48.1	66.4	49.6	44.9	51.3
342.3	48.0	66.9	50.2	45.0	51.8
339.4	48.0	67.5	52.1	44.9	44.5
339.4	47.1	67.5	52.6	44.9	44.0
340.5	47.4	67.8	53.2	44.9	44.1
343.8	47.3	67.3	52.7	45.3	50.4
345.0	47.3	67.7	53.8	45.5	51.2
346.0	47.5	68.9	53.9	45.6	51.4
344.6	47.6	69.6	53.6	45.8	50.4
335.4	47.2	67.5	52.4	45.0	48.7

^aNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in industry definition.

Akron MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment ^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	January 2007 ^b	December 2006 ^c	January 2006 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	335.4	344.6	330.4	-9.2	5.0
Goods-Producing Industries	60.2	62.2	60.4	-2.0	-0.2
Natural Resources, Mining, and Construction	13.0	14.6	12.7	-1.6	0.3
Manufacturing	47.2	47.6	47.7	-0.4	-0.5
Durable Goods ^d	29.3	29.6	29.5	-0.3	-0.2
Transportation Equipment	5.1	5.5	5.2	-0.4	-0.1
Nondurable Goods ^e	17.9	18.0	18.2	-0.1	-0.3
Service-Providing Industries	275.2	282.4	270.0	-7.2	5.2
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	67.5	69.6	67.0	-2.1	0.5
Wholesale Trade	18.1	18.1	17.6	0.0	0.5
Retail Trade	38.2	40.1	38.3	-1.9	-0.1
Food and Beverage Stores	7.8	8.0	8.1	-0.2	-0.3
Health and Personal Care Stores	2.5	2.7	2.5	-0.2	0.0
General Merchandise Stores	5.5	6.0	5.5	-0.5	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities ^f	11.2	11.4	11.1	-0.2	0.1
Truck Transportation	5.2	5.4	5.2	-0.2	0.0
Information	4.5	4.5	4.5	0.0	0.0
Financial Activities	14.3	14.2	14.5	0.1	-0.2
Finance and Insurance	10.7	10.7	11.0	0.0	-0.3
Professional and Business Services	52.4	53.6	47.0	-1.2	5.4
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	23.4	24.5	19.3	-1.1	4.1
Educational and Health Services	45.0	45.8	44.6	-0.8	0.4
Health Care and Social Assistance	41.3	42.0	40.7	-0.7	0.6
Leisure and Hospitality	29.1	30.4	29.2	-1.3	-0.1
Accommodation and Food Services	24.5	25.5	25.2	-1.0	-0.7
Other Services	13.7	13.9	13.6	-0.2	0.1
Government	48.7	50.4	49.6	-1.7	-0.9
Federal Government	2.3	2.3	2.4	0.0	-0.1
State Government	14.0	15.2	14.8	-1.2	-0.8
State Government Education ^g	12.1	13.3	12.8	-1.2	-0.7
Local Government	32.4	32.9	32.4	-0.5	0.0
Local Government Education	17.5	17.9	17.4	-0.4	0.1

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing. ^fIncludes State universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service and the Ohio Department of Education. ^gDepressed due to labor-management disputes. ^hNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in industry definition.

Canton-Massillon Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Carroll
Stark



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Canton-Massillon metropolitan area dropped 4,800 below the December 2006 level to 167,900 in January 2007. A seasonal decrease in trade, transportation, and utilities and modest losses in most other sectors lowered employment in service-providing industries 4,000 over the month. The workforce in the goods-producing sector, at 37,200, declined 800 due to less business in natural resources, mining, and construction and a slight reduction in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment fell 1,800 between January 2006 and January 2007. Over-the-year losses in natural resources, mining, and construction and manufacturing lowered employment in goods-producing industries 900. The service-providing sector lost 900 jobs as declines in government, financial activities, and trade, transportation, and utilities negated an increase in professional and business services.

Canton-Massillon MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
201.8	190.7	11.0	5.5%
201.9	192.0	9.9	4.9%
202.0	193.4	8.6	4.3%
200.9	191.7	9.2	4.6%
206.2	197.6	8.5	4.1%
206.9	197.8	9.0	4.4%
205.9	193.6	12.2	5.9%
205.2	191.1	14.0	6.8%
205.0	191.4	13.5	6.6%
205.9	192.8	13.1	6.4%
203.0	191.1	11.8	5.8%
200.2	187.0	13.2	6.6%
200.6	187.0	13.7	6.8%
200.8	188.7	12.1	6.0%
201.5	189.5	11.9	5.9%
202.2	191.4	10.8	5.3%
204.3	192.6	11.7	5.7%
205.5	193.3	12.2	5.9%
204.6	193.0	11.7	5.7%
203.4	192.3	11.2	5.5%
204.2	193.7	10.6	5.2%
204.3	193.0	11.3	5.5%
204.0	192.0	12.0	5.9%
201.4	188.2	13.2	6.6%

Canton-Massillon MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)					
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government
178.5	46.0	33.7	13.1	24.7	19.4
180.7	46.0	34.3	13.5	25.3	19.7
183.9	47.2	34.2	13.7	26.5	19.9
184.3	46.5	33.8	13.8	26.6	20.4
187.5	45.4	34.8	15.3	27.4	20.7
186.5	42.2	35.7	16.0	27.2	21.0
182.0	38.9	35.0	15.4	26.6	21.4
177.3	33.3 ^a	34.9	15.1	27.3	21.4
176.0	31.8	33.9	14.8	28.4	21.5
176.9	31.3	34.4	15.4	29.1	21.4
172.6	30.2	32.8	14.5	29.6	21.0
169.7	30.0	32.5	13.5	29.5	21.2
169.9	29.9	32.1	13.8	29.8	21.4
171.2	30.0	32.3	14.0	29.9	21.5
172.6	29.9	32.6	14.3	29.9	21.6
174.3	30.3	32.8	14.5	29.6	21.9
174.8	30.6	32.9	14.8	29.3	20.7
172.6	30.5	32.7	14.6	28.9	19.6
172.6	30.5	32.8	14.8	29.0	19.3
173.4	30.4	32.5	14.8	29.7	20.9
173.5	30.2	32.8	14.9	29.8	21.3
173.5	30.0	33.6	14.8	30.0	21.5
172.7	29.9	33.8	14.6	30.0	21.2
167.9	29.7	32.2	14.0	29.5	20.6

^aNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in industry definition.

Canton-Massillon MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment <i>(in thousands)</i>			Change <i>(in thousands)</i>	
	January 2007 ^b	December 2006 ^c	January 2006 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	167.9	172.7	169.7	-4.8	-1.8
Goods-Producing Industries	37.2	38.0	38.1	-0.8	-0.9
Natural Resources, Mining, and Construction	7.5	8.1	8.1	-0.6	-0.6
Manufacturing^d	29.7	29.9	30.0	-0.2	-0.3
Fabricated Metal Products	9.8	9.7	9.8	0.1	0.0
Food Manufacturing	3.6	3.7	3.6	-0.1	0.0
Service-Providing Industries	130.7	134.7	131.6	-4.0	-0.9
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	32.2	33.8	32.5	-1.6	-0.3
Wholesale Trade	6.8	7.0	6.8	-0.2	0.0
Retail Trade	21.3	22.6	21.6	-1.3	-0.3
General Merchandise Stores	4.3	4.7	4.4	-0.4	-0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	4.1	4.2	4.1	-0.1	0.0
Information	2.1	2.1	2.1	0.0	0.0
Financial Activities	8.1	8.2	8.6	-0.1	-0.5
Professional and Business Services	14.0	14.6	13.5	-0.6	0.5
Educational and Health Services	29.5	30.0	29.5	-0.5	0.0
Health Care and Social Assistance	26.5	26.7	26.3	-0.2	0.2
Leisure and Hospitality	15.9	16.3	15.9	-0.4	0.0
Accommodation and Food Services	14.6	14.8	14.4	-0.2	0.2
Other Services	8.3	8.5	8.3	-0.2	0.0
Government	20.6	21.2	21.2	-0.6	-0.6
Federal Government	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0
State Government	1.5	1.5	1.6	0.0	-0.1
Local Government	17.9	18.5	18.4	-0.6	-0.5
Local Government Education	11.5	12.0	11.8	-0.5	-0.3

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; transportation equipment; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Cincinnati-Middletown

Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Ohio Counties

Brown
Butler
Clermont
Hamilton
Warren



Kentucky Counties

Boone
Bracken
Campbell
Gallatin
Kenton
Grant
Pendleton

Indiana Counties

Dearborn
Franklin
Ohio

Nonfarm payroll employment in the Cincinnati-Middletown metropolitan area totaled 1,018,300 in January 2007, down 29,700 from December 2006. Notable declines in trade, transportation, and utilities, professional and business services, leisure and hospitality, and government lowered employment in service-providing industries 24,300. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 168,100, lost 5,400 jobs over the month due to less business in natural resources, mining, and construction and scattered reductions in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment rose 1,000 between January 2006 and January 2007. Expansion in service-providing industries created 3,300 jobs. The leading growth sectors were educational and health services (+3,500) and professional and business services (+1,100). Over-the-year losses in manufacturing (-2,000) and natural resources, mining, and construction (-300) lowered employment in goods-producing industries 2,300.

Cincinnati-Middletown MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
1,004.1	961.2	42.9	4.3%
1,023.2	984.7	38.5	3.8%
1,033.8	998.1	35.7	3.5%
1,045.7	1,009.5	36.2	3.5%
1,042.9	1,005.6	37.3	3.6%
1,046.1	1,003.3	42.8	4.1%
1,054.1	999.6	54.5	5.2%
1,071.9	1,014.3	57.6	5.4%
1,084.9	1,026.8	58.1	5.4%
1,096.7	1,037.3	59.4	5.4%
1,109.7	1,052.4	57.3	5.2%
1,088.1	1,027.8	60.3	5.5%
1,091.4	1,029.6	61.8	5.7%
1,096.6	1,037.7	58.9	5.4%
1,099.6	1,041.9	57.7	5.3%
1,104.7	1,050.6	54.0	4.9%
1,119.9	1,059.9	60.0	5.4%
1,124.5	1,063.4	61.1	5.4%
1,123.8	1,065.6	58.1	5.2%
1,114.4	1,060.2	54.2	4.9%
1,114.7	1,063.1	51.6	4.6%
1,120.0	1,064.6	55.4	4.9%
1,118.5	1,064.5	54.0	4.8%
1,101.1	1,041.0	60.1	5.5%

Cincinnati-Middletown MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
1996	940.4	147.3	204.3	118.2	111.6	121.6
1997	965.8	148.6	209.6	124.7	114.2	120.5
1998	987.3	149.3	215.1	130.5	115.4	122.2
1999	1,005.6	149.1	216.4	134.9	118.6	123.3
2000	1,017.4	147.7	218.1	139.1	119.6	125.9
2001	1,011.5	139.4	216.1	138.9	121.0	128.1
2002	1,008.6	130.0	213.7	139.6	124.7	130.6
2003	1,016.1	127.0	210.9	144.1	127.2	133.1
2004	1,021.8	125.7	208.1	144.7	130.3	133.9
2005	1,035.3	123.3	211.0	152.3	134.6	132.2
2006	1,038.4	121.7	209.6	156.0	137.4	132.5
2006						
January	1,017.3	121.9	208.6	151.3	135.1	131.3
February	1,020.9	121.7	206.3	151.8	136.2	134.5
March	1,028.1	119.5	207.0	153.8	137.0	135.8
April	1,036.3	121.4	207.2	154.7	137.5	136.0
May	1,044.3	122.0	208.9	154.5	137.3	136.9
June	1,047.5	122.5	209.2	156.1	136.7	131.5
July	1,038.9	121.9	208.9	157.5	136.2	123.1
August	1,043.9	122.3	209.4	158.3	137.0	125.2
September	1,045.8	122.1	209.9	158.2	138.1	132.1
October	1,043.0	121.6	210.2	158.0	138.9	134.5
November	1,047.0	121.3	213.8	158.6	139.5	134.7
December	1,048.0	121.6	215.7	158.7	139.6	134.5
2007						
January	1,018.3	119.9	208.0	152.4	138.6	131.4

Cincinnati-Middletown MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment <i>(in thousands)</i>			Change <i>(in thousands)</i>	
	January 2007 ^b	December 2006 ^c	January 2006 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	1,018.3	1,048.0	1,017.3	-29.7	1.0
Goods-Producing Industries	168.1	173.5	170.4	-5.4	-2.3
Natural Resources, Mining, and Construction	48.2	51.9	48.5	-3.7	-0.3
Construction of Buildings	12.1	12.4	12.2	-0.3	-0.1
Specialty Trade Contractors	32.2	34.2	31.8	-2.0	0.4
Manufacturing	119.9	121.6	121.9	-1.7	-2.0
Durable Goods ^d	71.1	72.0	72.0	-0.9	-0.9
Primary Metals	6.8	6.7	7.2	0.1	-0.4
Transportation Equipment	19.0	19.2	19.3	-0.2	-0.3
Motor Vehicle Parts	8.1	8.3	9.2	-0.2	-1.1
Aerospace Products and Parts	9.4	9.5	9.0	-0.1	0.4
Nondurable Goods ^e	48.8	49.6	49.9	-0.8	-1.1
Chemical Manufacturing	11.2	11.2	11.3	0.0	-0.1
Service-Providing Industries	850.2	874.5	846.9	-24.3	3.3
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	208.0	215.7	208.6	-7.7	-0.6
Wholesale Trade	58.9	59.3	58.9	-0.4	0.0
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	28.4	28.7	28.6	-0.3	-0.2
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	23.3	23.5	23.0	-0.2	0.3
Retail Trade	107.8	114.2	108.1	-6.4	-0.3
Food and Beverage Stores ^h	20.9	21.6	20.1	-0.7	0.8
Grocery Stores ^h	17.9	18.3	17.3	-0.4	0.6
Health and Personal Care Stores	7.2	7.7	7.2	-0.5	0.0
Clothing and Clothing Accessories Stores	9.4	10.8	9.8	-1.4	-0.4
General Merchandise Stores	21.9	24.0	22.1	-2.1	-0.2
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	41.3	42.2	41.6	-0.9	-0.3
Transportation and Warehousing	38.3	39.2	38.4	-0.9	-0.1
Air Transportation	8.4	8.4	9.4	0.0	-1.0
Information	15.3	15.6	15.7	-0.3	-0.4
Financial Activities	64.6	65.6	64.6	-1.0	0.0
Finance and Insurance	51.1	51.7	51.2	-0.6	-0.1
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	20.2	20.5	21.1	-0.3	-0.9
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	23.2	23.4	22.8	-0.2	0.4
Professional and Business Services	152.4	158.7	151.3	-6.3	1.1
Professional and Technical Services	54.1	54.5	53.2	-0.4	0.9
Management of Companies and Enterprises	33.2	33.2	32.1	0.0	1.1
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	65.1	71.0	66.0	-5.9	-0.9
Employment Services	34.3	37.8	34.6	-3.5	-0.3
Services to Buildings and Dwellings	12.1	13.1	11.3	-1.0	0.8
Educational and Health Services	138.6	139.6	135.1	-1.0	3.5
Educational Services	14.1	14.7	14.2	-0.6	-0.1
Health Care and Social Assistance	124.5	124.9	120.9	-0.4	3.6
Hospitals	41.7	41.7	39.6	0.0	2.1
Leisure and Hospitality	98.1	102.2	98.5	-4.1	-0.4
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	13.9	15.8	14.0	-1.9	-0.1
Accommodation and Food Services	84.2	86.4	84.5	-2.2	-0.3
Other Services	41.8	42.6	41.8	-0.8	0.0
Government	131.4	134.5	131.3	-3.1	0.1
Federal Government	17.2	17.5	17.3	-0.3	-0.1
State Government	26.6	28.1	27.5	-1.5	-0.9
State Government Education ⁱ	21.4	22.9	22.3	-1.5	-0.9
Local Government	87.6	88.9	86.5	-1.3	1.1
Local Government Education	50.2	51.7	49.5	-1.5	0.7

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; computer and electronic products; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^fIncludes State universities. Excludes hospitals, the agricultural extension service, and the Ohio Department of Education. ^gDepressed due to labor-management disputes. ^hNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in industry definition.

Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Cuyahoga
Geauga
Lake
Lorain
Medina



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor metropolitan area fell 29,700 below the December 2006 level to 1,051,700 in January 2007. Notable declines in trade, transportation, and utilities, professional and business services, leisure and hospitality, government, and educational and health services lowered employment in service-providing industries 26,700. The workforce in the goods-producing sector, at 182,300, lost 3,000 jobs over the month due to less business in natural resources, mining, and construction and a modest reduction in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment dropped 1,900 between January 2006 and January 2007. The decrease was concentrated in the goods-producing sector (-3,200) as a loss in manufacturing (-3,800) negated an improvement in natural resources, mining, and construction (+600). Over-the-year growth in educational and health services (+3,800) exceeded a decline in government (-2,300) to raise employment in the service-providing sector 1,300.

Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
1,071.7	1,020.0	51.7	4.8%
1,087.9	1,038.4	49.6	4.6%
1,099.7	1,054.2	45.6	4.1%
1,113.1	1,066.6	46.5	4.2%
1,123.7	1,080.8	42.9	3.8%
1,133.7	1,085.1	48.5	4.3%
1,119.9	1,059.9	60.1	5.4%
1,117.1	1,050.4	66.7	6.0%
1,100.7	1,035.9	64.8	5.9%
1,094.0	1,031.4	62.6	5.7%
1,093.3	1,034.8	58.6	5.4%
1,071.9	1,010.8	61.0	5.7%
1,078.3	1,016.1	62.2	5.8%
1,081.1	1,023.3	57.8	5.3%
1,087.2	1,032.6	54.6	5.0%
1,094.0	1,039.4	54.7	5.0%
1,109.9	1,047.5	62.4	5.6%
1,120.4	1,056.5	63.9	5.7%
1,113.3	1,051.1	62.1	5.6%
1,093.0	1,034.6	58.5	5.3%
1,091.5	1,038.7	52.8	4.8%
1,094.2	1,038.1	56.1	5.1%
1,085.3	1,028.3	57.0	5.3%
1,084.2	1,018.7	65.5	6.0%

Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
1996	1,077.0	201.3	209.3	123.7	141.0	134.6
1997	1,098.7	200.9	212.0	132.4	141.6	136.0
1998	1,114.8	199.8	214.7	137.2	145.2	136.5
1999	1,128.6	197.6	215.0	142.3	147.8	138.3
2000	1,136.0	196.8	216.1	143.3	150.5	141.1
2001	1,117.5	180.4	211.2	140.2	156.0	143.4
2002	1,082.3	162.0	201.0	131.3	163.4	144.2
2003	1,074.2	153.7	201.8	131.3	163.6	143.1
2004	1,073.4	151.9	200.1	132.8	164.7	141.6
2005	1,070.8	148.7	197.0	129.7	164.9	139.1
2006	1,076.1	147.6	199.6	140.6	171.5	139.4
2006						
January	1,053.6	148.5	197.6	135.1	168.5	138.8
February	1,057.6	147.8	196.0	135.9	171.7	141.8
March	1,065.4	147.8	197.1	137.3	172.2	143.1
April	1,075.5	148.1	198.6	140.1	171.6	142.7
May	1,082.8	147.3	199.7	140.5	171.0	143.3
June	1,089.6	149.0	200.8	142.5	170.2	141.2
July	1,078.2	147.9	199.1	142.6	168.7	132.7
August	1,079.4	148.0	199.6	144.0	168.4	131.5
September	1,080.7	147.7	198.4	143.2	172.2	137.0
October	1,083.7	147.6	200.4	143.2	173.8	139.7
November	1,084.9	146.6	202.7	142.2	174.7	140.7
December	1,081.4	145.1	204.9	140.9	175.2	140.2
2007						
January	1,051.7	144.7	196.9	135.5	172.3	136.5

Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	January 2007 ^b	December 2006 ^c	January 2006 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	1,051.7	1,081.4	1,053.6	-29.7	-1.9
Goods-Producing Industries	182.3	185.3	185.5	-3.0	-3.2
Natural Resources, Mining, and Construction	37.6	40.2	37.0	-2.6	0.6
Specialty Trade Contractors	25.7	27.3	24.6	-1.6	1.1
Manufacturing	144.7	145.1	148.5	-0.4	-3.8
Durable Goods ^d	103.9	103.9	107.1	0.0	-3.2
Primary Metals	10.9	10.3	11.3	0.6	-0.4
Foundries	4.6	4.1	5.1	0.5	-0.5
Fabricated Metal Products	30.8	30.2	31.5	0.6	-0.7
Transportation Equipment	17.5	17.8	19.3	-0.3	-1.8
Motor Vehicle Parts	11.7	11.6	12.8	0.1	-1.1
Nondurable Goods ^e	40.8	41.2	41.4	-0.4	-0.6
Service-Providing Industries	869.4	896.1	868.1	-26.7	1.3
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	196.9	204.9	197.6	-8.0	-0.7
Wholesale Trade	56.4	57.0	55.5	-0.6	0.9
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	32.4	32.4	31.8	0.0	0.6
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	17.9	18.0	17.8	-0.1	0.1
Retail Trade	107.3	113.5	109.0	-6.2	-1.7
Food and Beverage Stores	23.3	23.0	23.4	0.3	-0.1
Health and Personal Care Stores	7.7	8.1	7.7	-0.4	0.0
General Merchandise Stores	19.3	20.8	18.5	-1.5	0.8
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities ^h	33.2	34.4	33.1	-1.2	0.1
Transportation and Warehousing ^h	29.9	31.0	29.7	-1.1	0.2
Information	18.7	18.9	19.2	-0.2	-0.5
Financial Activities	77.0	77.5	77.1	-0.5	-0.1
Finance and Insurance	61.1	61.4	60.9	-0.3	0.2
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	29.6	29.9	30.0	-0.3	-0.4
Depository Credit Intermediation	21.2	21.4	20.9	-0.2	0.3
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	24.7	24.8	24.7	-0.1	0.0
Insurance Carriers	18.0	18.1	18.1	-0.1	-0.1
Professional and Business Services	135.5	140.9	135.1	-5.4	0.4
Professional and Technical Services	56.3	56.8	55.7	-0.5	0.6
Management of Companies and Enterprises	20.2	20.2	19.9	0.0	0.3
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	59.0	63.9	59.5	-4.9	-0.5
Administrative and Support Services	56.7	60.4	56.2	-3.7	0.5
Employment Services	24.2	26.4	24.9	-2.2	-0.7
Educational and Health Services	172.3	175.2	168.5	-2.9	3.8
Educational Services	27.7	29.8	26.5	-2.1	1.2
Health Care and Social Assistance	144.6	145.4	142.0	-0.8	2.6
Hospitals	55.6	56.0	55.1	-0.4	0.5
Nursing and Residential Care Facilities	30.7	31.0	30.9	-0.3	-0.2
Leisure and Hospitality	88.7	94.0	88.1	-5.3	0.6
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	11.5	12.7	11.5	-1.2	0.0
Accommodation and Food Services	77.2	81.3	76.6	-4.1	0.6
Other Services	43.8	44.5	43.7	-0.7	0.1
Government	136.5	140.2	138.8	-3.7	-2.3
Federal Government	18.0	18.3	18.1	-0.3	-0.1
State Government	7.6	8.0	7.9	-0.4	-0.3
State Government Education ^f	2.7	3.1	2.8	-0.4	-0.1
Local Government	110.9	113.9	112.8	-3.0	-1.9
Local Government Education	54.2	56.4	54.9	-2.2	-0.7

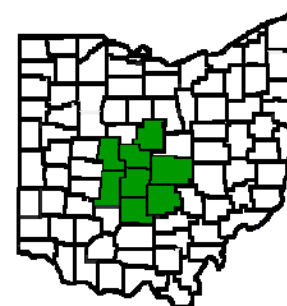
^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^fIncludes State universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service and the Ohio Department of Education. ^gDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

^hNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in industry definition.

Columbus Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Delaware
Fairfield
Franklin
Licking
Madison
Morrow
Pickaway
Union



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Columbus metropolitan area totaled 918,000 in January 2007, down 28,600 from December 2006. Declines in trade, transportation, and utilities, professional and business services, leisure and hospitality, educational and health services, and government lowered employment in the service-providing sector 23,600. The workforce in goods-producing industries decreased 5,000 over the month to 112,600 due to less business in natural resources, mining, and construction and a reduction in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment advanced 6,100 between January 2006 and January 2007. Expansion in service-providing industries created 7,700 jobs. The leading growth sectors were professional and business services (+3,400), leisure and hospitality (+1,900), educational and health services (+1,500), and trade, transportation, and utilities (+1,100). Over-the-year losses in manufacturing (-1,200) and natural resources, mining, and construction (-400) lowered employment in goods-producing industries 1,600.

Columbus MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
821.6	794.7	26.9	3.3%
837.1	811.9	25.1	3.0%
848.0	824.2	23.8	2.8%
865.6	842.2	23.4	2.7%
878.4	850.2	28.3	3.2%
891.3	860.2	31.2	3.5%
899.7	854.7	44.9	5.0%
907.7	858.8	48.8	5.4%
916.3	866.8	49.6	5.4%
923.0	874.4	48.6	5.3%
938.6	894.2	44.4	4.7%
919.1	872.4	46.7	5.1%
921.9	873.3	48.6	5.3%
924.7	880.9	43.8	4.7%
927.8	883.3	44.4	4.8%
930.3	889.5	40.8	4.4%
942.3	896.7	45.5	4.8%
951.3	904.3	47.0	4.9%
950.7	905.3	45.4	4.8%
939.7	896.4	43.3	4.6%
950.1	908.9	41.2	4.3%
953.0	909.6	43.4	4.6%
951.9	909.4	42.5	4.5%
934.5	888.8	45.7	4.9%

Columbus MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)					
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government
822.3	97.0	176.7	104.3	83.6	138.5
844.5	98.0	182.2	111.5	84.0	139.4
864.7	99.4	184.9	117.5	86.1	140.6
890.8	99.3	190.3	124.4	87.0	142.0
915.4	101.0	196.5	129.5	88.2	145.1
919.9	95.1	195.3	132.2	90.8	148.3
913.6	89.3	190.1	129.2	94.6	150.4
910.7	84.2	185.9	131.1	98.0	151.8
912.8	82.0	183.9	132.8	100.7	153.0
922.2	78.8	186.8	138.2	104.3	155.6
932.2	78.1	187.9	142.6	107.8	156.6
911.9	77.6	185.8	137.5	105.7	156.1
915.2	77.8	183.8	138.4	107.6	157.5
921.8	77.9	184.1	140.0	108.4	157.9
928.2	78.1	184.7	142.1	108.5	157.3
934.3	78.1	186.5	141.9	107.8	158.4
937.9	78.9	186.6	143.6	105.7	157.5
933.3	78.3	186.8	142.9	105.9	153.7
935.3	78.2	187.1	144.7	105.9	153.9
934.4	78.2	187.3	144.6	108.4	153.3
941.3	78.3	189.7	145.4	109.6	157.5
946.2	78.4	194.7	145.0	110.1	158.1
946.6	77.9	197.8	145.0	109.8	158.2
918.0	76.4	186.9	140.9	107.2	156.8

Columbus MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	January 2007 ^b	December 2006 ^c	January 2006 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	918.0	946.6	911.9	-28.6	6.1
Goods-Producing Industries	112.6	117.6	114.2	-5.0	-1.6
Natural Resources, Mining, and Construction	36.2	39.7	36.6	-3.5	-0.4
Specialty Trade Contractors	23.5	25.8	23.8	-2.3	-0.3
Manufacturing	76.4	77.9	77.6	-1.5	-1.2
Durable Goods ^d	49.7	50.6	50.1	-0.9	-0.4
Nonmetallic Mineral Products	5.2	5.4	5.5	-0.2	-0.3
Computer and Electronic Products	3.3	3.4	3.4	-0.1	-0.1
Transportation Equipment	16.1	16.3	16.2	-0.2	-0.1
Nondurable Goods ^e	26.7	27.3	27.5	-0.6	-0.8
Food Manufacturing	7.9	8.1	8.1	-0.2	-0.2
Service-Providing Industries	805.4	829.0	797.7	-23.6	7.7
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	186.9	197.8	185.8	-10.9	1.1
Wholesale Trade ^h	37.9	38.3	37.4	-0.4	0.5
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	22.0	22.1	21.9	-0.1	0.1
Retail Trade	103.0	111.8	104.7	-8.8	-1.7
Health and Personal Care Stores	5.3	5.4	5.3	-0.1	0.0
General Merchandise Stores ^h	19.9	21.8	21.0	-1.9	-1.1
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	46.0	47.7	43.7	-1.7	2.3
Transportation and Warehousing	42.9	44.5	40.7	-1.6	2.2
Information	18.4	18.8	19.1	-0.4	-0.7
Financial Activities	73.0	73.8	73.1	-0.8	-0.1
Finance and Insurance	58.4	58.9	58.2	-0.5	0.2
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	26.0	26.6	25.9	-0.6	0.1
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	29.2	29.4	29.4	-0.2	-0.2
Insurance Carriers	22.2	22.2	22.0	0.0	0.2
Professional and Business Services	140.9	145.0	137.5	-4.1	3.4
Professional and Technical Services	58.2	58.4	56.5	-0.2	1.7
Computer Systems Design and Related Services	16.6	16.6	15.7	0.0	0.9
Management of Companies and Enterprises	19.5	19.5	19.3	0.0	0.2
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	63.2	67.1	61.7	-3.9	1.5
Employment Services	29.0	32.3	29.0	-3.3	0.0
Educational and Health Services	107.2	109.8	105.7	-2.6	1.5
Health Care and Social Assistance	92.9	94.6	91.5	-1.7	1.4
Hospitals	23.9	23.9	25.0	0.0	-1.1
Leisure and Hospitality	85.3	88.4	83.4	-3.1	1.9
Accommodation and Food Services	76.8	78.1	75.1	-1.3	1.7
Food Services and Drinking Places	69.2	70.5	68.2	-1.3	1.0
Other Services	36.9	37.2	37.0	-0.3	-0.1
Government	156.8	158.2	156.1	-1.4	0.7
Federal Government	12.9	13.1	12.8	-0.2	0.1
State Government	63.3	63.9	62.9	-0.6	0.4
State Government Education ^l	24.4	25.3	24.6	-0.9	-0.2
Local Government	80.6	81.2	80.4	-0.6	0.2
Local Government Education	46.0	47.0	46.1	-1.0	-0.1

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; plastics and rubber products. ^fIncludes State universities, State schools for the deaf and blind, and the State library. Excludes hospitals, the agricultural extension service, agricultural research centers, and the Ohio Department of Education. ^gDepressed due to labor-management disputes. ^hNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in industry definition.

Dayton Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Greene
Miami
Montgomery
Preble



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Dayton metropolitan area totaled 399,100 in January 2007, down 12,000 from December 2006. Declines in trade, transportation, and utilities, educational and health services, professional and business services, and leisure and hospitality reduced employment in the service-providing sector 8,500. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 67,300, fell 3,500 over the month. Losses were posted in manufacturing and natural resources, mining, and construction.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment dropped 2,800 between January 2006 and January 2007. Over-the-year decreases in manufacturing (-3,000) and natural resources, mining, and construction (-200) lowered employment in goods-producing industries 3,200. Service-providing industries added 400 jobs as a notable increase in leisure and hospitality (+1,400) and small gains in other sectors outweighed a reduction in trade, transportation, and utilities (-1,700).

Dayton MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
424.5	405.8	18.7	4.4%
426.6	409.3	17.3	4.0%
425.7	408.9	16.8	3.9%
421.9	405.9	16.0	3.8%
430.0	413.3	16.7	3.9%
429.4	410.3	19.1	4.4%
427.8	403.0	24.8	5.8%
428.4	401.7	26.7	6.2%
428.3	401.6	26.7	6.2%
424.9	398.8	26.1	6.1%
427.2	402.5	24.7	5.8%
423.4	395.2	28.2	6.7%
422.2	396.7	25.5	6.0%
423.9	400.5	23.4	5.5%
424.7	400.8	23.8	5.6%
425.1	403.2	21.9	5.2%
428.9	404.8	24.1	5.6%
430.8	402.9	27.9	6.5%
429.4	404.0	25.4	5.9%
426.8	402.5	24.2	5.7%
430.4	407.1	23.2	5.4%
430.8	406.1	24.7	5.7%
430.4	406.1	24.3	5.7%
427.4	397.6	29.8	7.0%

Dayton MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
1996	421.7	79.6	76.1	47.9	55.6	68.9
1997	429.1	81.4	76.1	50.7	56.9	68.3
1998	432.4	81.9	77.2	51.9	57.5	67.5
1999	431.7	80.0	79.9	51.6	57.2	66.5
2000	435.3	80.0	81.5	52.4	58.3	66.8
2001	428.8	72.0	79.0	54.8	59.3	67.2
2002	420.6	67.2	75.0	52.7	60.9	67.3
2003	415.5	63.1	72.6	53.9	61.7	65.4
2004	412.3	59.3	71.4	53.2	62.3	65.4
2005	409.4	58.4	71.1	52.3	63.7	64.5
2006	408.2	56.5	70.0	52.3	64.7	64.8
2006						
January	401.9	56.4	69.6	51.2	64.7	64.0
February	404.4	56.8	69.1	51.1	65.5	65.5
March	407.9	57.2	69.8	51.6	65.8	65.5
April	409.9	57.4	70.2	52.2	65.7	65.0
May	412.1	57.2	70.8	52.4	64.4	66.5
June	412.0	57.5	70.6	52.8	62.6	65.9
July	404.0	54.9	69.6	52.4	62.0	63.0
August	405.8	56.0	69.7	52.7	62.5	62.6
September	408.0	55.9	69.6	52.3	65.2	63.9
October	410.3	56.3	69.6	53.0	65.6	65.2
November	411.0	56.0	70.8	52.7	66.1	65.1
December	411.1	56.0	71.1	52.8	66.0	65.1
2007						
January	399.1	53.4	67.9	51.5	64.6	64.2

Dayton MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	January 2007 ^b	December 2006 ^c	January 2006 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	399.1	411.1	401.9	-12.0	-2.8
Goods-Producing Industries	67.3	70.8	70.5	-3.5	-3.2
Natural Resources, Mining, and Construction	13.9	14.8	14.1	-0.9	-0.2
Manufacturing	53.4	56.0	56.4	-2.6	-3.0
Durable Goods ^d	38.6	41.3	41.9	-2.7	-3.3
Transportation Equipment	11.7	14.2	14.1	-2.5	-2.4
Service-Providing Industries	331.8	340.3	331.4	-8.5	0.4
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	67.9	71.1	69.6	-3.2	-1.7
Wholesale Trade ^e	13.8	14.2	13.8	-0.4	0.0
Retail Trade	41.6	44.0	43.3	-2.4	-1.7
General Merchandise Stores	11.2	11.9	11.2	-0.7	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	12.5	12.9	12.5	-0.4	0.0
Transportation and Warehousing	11.3	11.7	11.4	-0.4	-0.1
Information	10.5	10.8	10.6	-0.3	-0.1
Financial Activities	20.0	20.2	19.7	-0.2	0.3
Finance and Insurance	15.5	15.6	15.2	-0.1	0.3
Professional and Business Services	51.5	52.8	51.2	-1.3	0.3
Professional and Technical Services	22.1	21.7	21.9	0.4	0.2
Management of Companies and Enterprises ^f	6.0	6.0	6.3	0.0	-0.3
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	23.4	25.1	23.0	-1.7	0.4
Educational and Health Services	64.6	66.0	64.7	-1.4	-0.1
Health Care and Social Assistance	53.4	54.2	53.0	-0.8	0.4
Hospitals	19.3	19.3	19.5	0.0	-0.2
Leisure and Hospitality	37.0	38.0	35.6	-1.0	1.4
Other Services	16.1	16.3	16.0	-0.2	0.1
Government	64.2	65.1	64.0	-0.9	0.2
Federal Government	16.5	16.8	16.9	-0.3	-0.4
State Government	6.8	6.7	6.7	0.1	0.1
State Government Education ^g	4.8	4.8	4.7	0.0	0.1
Local Government	40.9	41.6	40.4	-0.7	0.5
Local Government Education	23.5	24.1	23.5	-0.6	0.0

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^fIncludes State universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service, agricultural research centers, and the Ohio Department of Education. ^gDepressed due to labor-management disputes. ^hNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in industry definition.

Lima Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Allen



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Lima metropolitan area totaled 55,500 in January 2007, down 700 from December 2006. Less business in trade, transportation, and utilities and professional and business services and a decrease in government lowered employment in service-providing industries 700 over the month. The workforce in the goods-producing sector, at 11,600, remained at the December level. A slight improvement in manufacturing offset a reduction in natural resources, mining, and construction.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment dropped 1,100 between January 2006 and January 2007. Over-the-year losses in manufacturing and natural resources, mining, and construction lowered employment in goods-producing industries 1,400. Expansion in service-providing industries created 300 jobs. Modest gains were posted in trade, transportation, and utilities, leisure and hospitality, and government. Employment in educational and health services and professional and business services declined during the period.

Lima MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
51.5	48.1	3.4	6.7%
50.8	47.9	2.9	5.7%
50.4	47.9	2.5	5.0%
51.3	48.9	2.5	4.8%
51.4	49.1	2.2	4.4%
51.3	48.7	2.6	5.0%
51.7	48.4	3.3	6.4%
52.3	48.8	3.6	6.8%
52.4	49.0	3.5	6.6%
52.7	49.4	3.3	6.3%
52.6	49.3	3.2	6.1%
52.1	48.9	3.1	6.0%
52.0	48.7	3.3	6.4%
52.5	49.2	3.3	6.2%
52.5	49.5	3.0	5.8%
52.3	49.5	2.8	5.4%
53.1	50.0	3.1	5.8%
53.9	50.2	3.7	6.9%
53.0	49.8	3.2	6.0%
52.2	49.1	3.1	5.9%
52.5	49.4	3.1	5.8%
52.3	49.0	3.4	6.4%
52.2	48.8	3.4	6.5%
52.0	48.5	3.5	6.7%

Lima MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
1996	54.6	11.4	11.9	4.9	7.9	7.7
1997	55.3	11.3	12.0	5.1	8.0	7.9
1998	56.3	12.0	12.1	4.9	8.5	7.9
1999	58.0	12.6	12.2	5.0	9.0	8.0
2000	59.1	13.0	11.9	5.3	9.3	8.1
2001	58.1	11.8	11.9	5.0	9.6	8.2
2002	57.7	11.1	11.8	4.8	10.0	8.0
2003	57.8	10.7	11.7	4.9	10.2	7.6
2004	57.5	10.5	11.6	4.8	10.2	7.2
2005	57.9	10.9	11.6	5.1	10.4	7.1
2006	56.9	10.0	11.6	4.5	10.8	7.1
2006						
January	56.6	10.6	11.4	4.4	10.9	6.9
February	56.8	10.4	11.3	4.5	11.0	7.1
March	57.2	10.4	11.4	4.5	11.1	7.1
April	57.6	10.1	11.6	4.5	11.1	7.1
May	57.5	10.2	11.6	4.5	10.7	7.2
June	57.6	10.2	11.7	4.5	10.7	7.2
July	56.7	9.8	11.7	4.3	10.6	7.0
August	56.7	9.8	11.7	4.5	10.6	6.9
September	56.5	9.7	11.6	4.4	10.8	6.9
October	56.6	9.6	11.5	4.5	10.8	7.1
November	56.4	9.4	11.8	4.5	10.8	7.1
December	56.2	9.3	11.9	4.5	10.7	7.2
2007						
January	55.5	9.4	11.6	4.2	10.6	7.0

Lima MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	January 2007 ^b	December 2006 ^c	January 2006 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	55.5	56.2	56.6	-0.7	-1.1
Goods-Producing Industries	11.6	11.6	13.0	0.0	-1.4
Natural Resources, Mining, and Construction	2.2	2.3	2.4	-0.1	-0.2
Manufacturing	9.4	9.3	10.6	0.1	-1.2
Service-Providing Industries	43.9	44.6	43.6	-0.7	0.3
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	11.6	11.9	11.4	-0.3	0.2
Wholesale Trade	2.5	2.5	2.3	0.0	0.2
Retail Trade	7.4	7.7	7.3	-0.3	0.1
Professional and Business Services	4.2	4.5	4.4	-0.3	-0.2
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	2.8	3.1	3.0	-0.3	-0.2
Educational and Health Services	10.6	10.7	10.9	-0.1	-0.3
Leisure and Hospitality	5.1	5.2	5.0	-0.1	0.1
Government	7.0	7.2	6.9	-0.2	0.1
Federal Government	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0
State Government	1.3	1.3	1.3	0.0	0.0
Local Government	5.3	5.5	5.2	-0.2	0.1
Local Government Education	3.1	3.3	3.2	-0.2	-0.1

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Mansfield Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Richland



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Mansfield metropolitan area dropped 1,900 below the December 2006 level to 56,600 in January 2007. Declines in trade, transportation, and utilities and government lowered employment in the service-providing sector 1,500. The workforce in goods-producing industries decreased 400 over the month to 14,500 due to less business in both manufacturing and natural resources, mining, and construction.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment fell 1,500 between January 2006 and January 2007. An over-the-year reduction in manufacturing lowered employment in the goods-producing sector 1,100. Total employment in natural resources, mining, and construction remained at the year-ago level. Service-providing industries lost 400 jobs as a decrease in government and scattered losses in other sectors negated increases in professional and business services and educational and health services.

Mansfield MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
61.9	58.1	3.8	6.1%
61.7	58.0	3.7	6.0%
61.3	57.6	3.7	6.0%
61.7	57.7	4.0	6.5%
63.0	59.8	3.2	5.1%
62.8	59.6	3.3	5.2%
63.4	59.1	4.3	6.8%
63.9	59.3	4.7	7.3%
63.3	58.8	4.6	7.2%
62.7	58.5	4.2	6.7%
62.5	58.7	3.8	6.1%
61.9	57.8	4.1	6.6%
62.3	58.0	4.4	7.0%
62.1	58.3	3.8	6.2%
62.0	58.3	3.7	6.0%
62.1	58.8	3.3	5.4%
63.2	59.5	3.7	5.9%
63.7	59.6	4.1	6.5%
63.4	59.7	3.7	5.8%
62.2	58.7	3.5	5.7%
62.5	59.0	3.5	5.5%
62.4	58.6	3.8	6.1%
62.7	58.7	4.0	6.3%
61.8	57.3	4.5	7.3%

Mansfield MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)					
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government
63.9	17.4	12.1	5.0	6.2	8.7
63.6	17.8	11.9	5.1	6.3	8.7
62.8	17.8	12.1	5.0	6.6	8.8
61.8	16.7	11.9	5.1	6.7	9.0
61.7	16.6	11.5	5.0	7.0	9.2
61.0	15.6	11.5	4.9	7.2	9.3
60.7	15.0	10.9	4.7	7.6	9.3
60.4	14.6	10.6	4.7	7.7	9.2
59.4	13.7	10.9	4.8	7.8	9.0
59.1	13.6	11.2	4.4	7.6	8.9
58.6	13.3	11.3	4.7	7.8	8.6
58.1	13.6	11.2	4.4	7.6	8.6
58.1	13.5	11.1	4.4	7.7	8.8
58.4	13.6	11.3	4.5	7.7	8.8
58.5	13.6	11.2	4.5	7.7	8.6
59.1	13.5	11.3	4.4	7.8	8.8
59.5	13.5	11.4	4.5	7.8	8.7
58.7	13.0	11.5	4.7	7.8	8.3
58.9	13.2	11.4	4.8	7.8	8.3
58.6	13.1	11.0	4.9	7.8	8.4
58.4	13.0	11.1	4.9	7.9	8.7
58.2	12.9	11.5	4.9	7.9	8.7
58.5	12.8	11.8	4.9	7.9	8.8
56.6	12.5	11.1	4.9	7.8	8.1

Mansfield MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	January 2007 ^b	December 2006 ^c	January 2006 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	56.6	58.5	58.1	-1.9	-1.5
Goods-Producing Industries	14.5	14.9	15.6	-0.4	-1.1
Natural Resources, Mining and Construction	2.0	2.1	2.0	-0.1	0.0
Manufacturing^d	12.5	12.8	13.6	-0.3	-1.1
Transportation Equipment	4.1	4.3	4.9	-0.2	-0.8
Service-Providing Industries	42.1	43.6	42.5	-1.5	-0.4
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	11.1	11.8	11.2	-0.7	-0.1
Retail Trade	7.5	8.1	7.8	-0.6	-0.3
Financial Activities	1.8	1.8	1.8	0.0	0.0
Professional and Business Services	4.9	4.9	4.4	0.0	0.5
Educational and Health Services	7.8	7.9	7.6	-0.1	0.2
Leisure and Hospitality	5.2	5.3	5.3	-0.1	-0.1
Other Services	2.6	2.7	2.6	-0.1	0.0
Government	8.1	8.8	8.6	-0.7	-0.5
Federal Government	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.0	0.0
State Government	1.6	1.6	1.7	0.0	-0.1
Local Government	5.9	6.6	6.3	-0.7	-0.4
Local Government Education	3.8	4.3	4.1	-0.5	-0.3

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Sandusky Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Erie



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Sandusky metropolitan area totaled 35,700 in January 2007, down 1,000 from December 2006. Seasonal decreases in trade, transportation, and utilities and leisure and hospitality lowered employment in service-providing industries 600 over the month. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 7,300, declined 400 due to a reduction in manufacturing and less business in natural resources, mining, and construction.

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment remained at the January 2006 level. Expansion in service-providing industries created 900 jobs. Modest gains in leisure and hospitality, trade, transportation, and utilities, professional and business services, and educational and health services exceeded a decrease in government. Over-the-year losses in manufacturing and natural resources, mining, and construction lowered employment in the goods-producing sector 900.

Sandusky MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
42.8	40.5	2.3	5.4%
43.1	40.9	2.3	5.2%
41.8	39.7	2.1	5.0%
41.9	40.1	1.8	4.4%
42.0	40.2	1.8	4.2%
42.2	40.2	2.0	4.8%
42.9	40.5	2.4	5.7%
43.0	40.3	2.6	6.1%
43.5	40.8	2.8	6.3%
43.1	40.3	2.7	6.3%
42.7	40.1	2.5	5.9%
40.4	37.4	3.1	7.6%
40.3	37.1	3.1	7.8%
40.6	37.8	2.7	6.7%
41.4	39.0	2.4	5.9%
43.4	41.3	2.1	4.9%
45.5	43.3	2.2	4.9%
46.2	43.6	2.5	5.5%
45.5	43.2	2.2	4.9%
43.2	40.9	2.2	5.2%
42.5	40.2	2.3	5.3%
41.8	39.3	2.5	6.0%
41.3	38.5	2.7	6.6%
41.1	37.8	3.3	8.0%

Sandusky MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
1996	39.1	10.2	7.2	1.9	4.0	4.9
1997	39.5	10.2	7.1	1.8	4.2	5.0
1998	38.5	9.6	7.1	1.7	4.3	5.0
1999	39.2	9.6	7.2	1.6	4.4	5.2
2000	39.8	9.6	7.2	1.5	4.4	5.3
2001	39.6	9.0	7.0	1.4	4.6	5.6
2002	39.8	8.4	7.0	1.7	4.6	5.7
2003	39.8	8.1	7.3	1.8	4.5	5.9
2004	40.0	7.6	7.4	1.8	4.4	5.8
2005	39.4	7.2	7.5	1.9	4.7	5.7
2006	38.7	6.7	7.6	1.8	5.1	5.5
2006						
January	35.7	6.9	7.2	1.5	5.0	5.5
February	35.4	6.7	7.0	1.6	5.0	5.5
March	36.1	6.8	7.1	1.7	5.1	5.6
April	37.6	6.9	7.3	1.8	5.1	5.6
May	40.5	6.8	7.5	1.8	5.1	5.6
June	42.6	6.8	7.7	1.9	5.1	5.6
July	42.5	6.8	7.9	1.8	5.1	5.4
August	42.1	6.8	7.9	1.9	5.2	5.5
September	39.6	6.7	7.8	1.9	5.2	5.4
October	38.4	6.5	7.9	1.9	5.2	5.4
November	37.6	6.6	7.9	1.9	5.3	5.5
December	36.7	6.5	7.9	1.9	5.3	5.5
2007						
January	35.7	6.2	7.6	1.8	5.2	5.3

Sandusky MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment <i>(in thousands)</i>			Change <i>(in thousands)</i>	
	January 2007 ^b	December 2006 ^c	January 2006 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	35.7	36.7	35.7	-1.0	0.0
Goods-Producing Industries	7.3	7.7	8.2	-0.4	-0.9
Natural Resources, Mining, and Construction	1.1	1.2	1.3	-0.1	-0.2
Manufacturing^d	6.2	6.5	6.9	-0.3	-0.7
Service-Providing Industries	28.4	29.0	27.5	-0.6	0.9
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	7.6	7.9	7.2	-0.3	0.4
Wholesale Trade	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	5.1	5.3	4.7	-0.2	0.4
Professional and Business Services	1.8	1.9	1.5	-0.1	0.3
Educational and Health Services	5.2	5.3	5.0	-0.1	0.2
Leisure and Hospitality	6.1	6.4	5.6	-0.3	0.5
Government	5.3	5.5	5.5	-0.2	-0.2
Local Government	4.2	4.3	4.2	-0.1	0.0
Local Government Education	2.4	2.5	2.4	-0.1	0.0

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; transportation equipment; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eDepressed due to labor-management disputes. ^fNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in industry definition.

Springfield Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Clark



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Springfield metropolitan area totaled 51,500 in January 2007, down 1,300 from December 2006. Service-providing industries lost 1,100 jobs as less business in trade, transportation, and utilities and small decreases in educational and health services, professional and business services, leisure and hospitality, and government negated an improvement in financial activities. Employment in goods-producing industries declined 200 over the month to 9,100 due to slight reductions in natural resources, mining, and construction and manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment dropped 200 between January 2006 and January 2007. An over-the-year loss in manufacturing lowered employment in goods-producing industries 300. Total employment in natural resources, mining, and construction remained at the year-ago level. Expansion in service-providing industries created 100 jobs. Modest gains were posted in financial activities, trade, transportation, and utilities, and professional and business services. Government employment declined during the period.

Springfield MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
71.1	67.0	4.1	5.8%
70.2	66.9	3.3	4.7%
68.5	65.5	3.0	4.4%
68.2	65.1	3.1	4.5%
72.1	69.0	3.1	4.3%
72.4	68.7	3.7	5.1%
71.7	66.6	5.0	7.0%
71.1	65.9	5.2	7.3%
70.6	65.8	4.8	6.8%
70.4	65.9	4.5	6.4%
70.4	66.5	4.0	5.6%
69.5	65.1	4.4	6.3%
69.7	65.2	4.4	6.3%
69.8	65.9	3.9	5.6%
70.2	66.4	3.8	5.5%
70.5	67.0	3.5	5.0%
71.1	67.2	4.0	5.6%
71.2	67.0	4.2	5.9%
70.5	66.5	4.0	5.7%
70.2	66.4	3.8	5.4%
70.8	67.1	3.7	5.2%
70.8	66.9	3.9	5.5%
70.9	66.9	4.0	5.7%
70.4	65.8	4.6	6.6%

Springfield MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
1996	55.6	12.1	10.8	3.3	8.3	7.4
1997	55.9	12.2	10.6	3.3	8.2	7.5
1998	56.4	13.0	10.8	3.3	8.3	7.7
1999	56.8	12.6	11.3	3.2	8.5	7.8
2000	57.2	12.6	11.5	3.3	8.5	7.9
2001	56.5	11.5	11.5	3.2	8.6	7.9
2002	54.4	9.6	11.1	3.1	8.8	8.0
2003	53.1	8.3	10.9	3.4	9.6	8.2
2004	52.6	7.9	10.7	3.0	10.1	8.1
2005	52.8	8.1	10.7	3.1	10.1	7.8
2006	52.6	7.8	10.9	3.1	10.2	7.5
2006						
January	51.7	7.9	10.5	2.9	10.4	7.6
February	52.0	7.8	10.4	3.0	10.4	7.7
March	52.5	7.9	10.4	3.1	10.5	7.7
April	53.0	7.8	10.8	3.1	10.4	7.8
May	53.5	7.8	11.1	3.1	10.4	7.8
June	53.2	7.8	11.1	3.2	10.0	7.6
July	52.2	7.8	10.9	3.1	9.6	7.2
August	51.9	7.8	10.9	3.1	9.5	7.1
September	52.5	7.7	11.0	3.2	10.2	7.2
October	52.9	7.7	11.1	3.2	10.4	7.4
November	52.9	7.7	11.2	3.2	10.5	7.4
December	52.8	7.7	11.2	3.2	10.5	7.4
2007						
January	51.5	7.6	10.8	3.1	10.3	7.3

Springfield MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment <i>(in thousands)</i>			Change <i>(in thousands)</i>	
	January 2007 ^b	December 2006 ^c	January 2006 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	51.5	52.8	51.7	-1.3	-0.2
Goods-Producing Industries	9.1	9.3	9.4	-0.2	-0.3
Natural Resources, Mining, and Construction	1.5	1.6	1.5	-0.1	0.0
Manufacturing^d	7.6	7.7	7.9	-0.1	-0.3
Service-Providing Industries	42.4	43.5	42.3	-1.1	0.1
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	10.8	11.2	10.5	-0.4	0.3
Wholesale Trade	2.0	2.0	1.9	0.0	0.1
Retail Trade	6.3	6.7	6.1	-0.4	0.2
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	2.5	2.5	2.5	0.0	0.0
Financial Activities	3.2	3.1	2.8	0.1	0.4
Professional and Business Services	3.1	3.2	2.9	-0.1	0.2
Educational and Health Services	10.3	10.5	10.4	-0.2	-0.1
Leisure and Hospitality	4.9	5.0	5.0	-0.1	-0.1
Other Services	2.7	2.7	2.6	0.0	0.1
Government	7.3	7.4	7.6	-0.1	-0.3
Federal Government	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.0	0.0
State Government	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0
Local Government	6.4	6.5	6.7	-0.1	-0.3
Local Government Education	3.9	4.0	4.0	-0.1	-0.1

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; transportation equipment; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eDepressed due to labor-management disputes. ^fNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in industry definition.

Toledo Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted



Fulton
Lucas
Ottawa
Wood

Nonfarm payroll employment in the Toledo metropolitan area dropped 10,400 below the December 2006 level to 325,600 in January 2007. Declines in trade, transportation, and utilities, professional and business services, and leisure and hospitality and the temporary layoff of nonteaching personnel in local and state schools and colleges helped lower employment in service-providing industries 8,700. The workforce in the goods-producing sector, at 63,300, decreased 1,700 over the month due to less business in natural resources, mining, and construction and a reduction in durable-goods manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment declined 1,100 between January 2006 and January 2007. Losses in manufacturing and natural resources, mining, and construction lowered employment in goods-producing industries 1,000 over the year. The service-providing sector lost 100 jobs as declines in professional and business services, trade, transportation, and utilities, and financial activities offset modest gains in leisure and hospitality, educational and health services, and government.

Toledo MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)				Unemployment Rate	Toledo MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Employed	Unemployed	Total		Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government		
335.3	318.4	16.9	5.0%	1996	328.6	62.1	69.3	31.6	42.3	47.9	
337.1	320.1	17.0	5.0%	1997	332.9	62.6	69.0	33.1	43.0	48.4	
338.2	320.9	17.3	5.1%	1998	336.9	62.4	69.5	34.8	43.3	48.7	
341.5	324.7	16.8	4.9%	1999	343.4	62.6	70.7	36.6	43.4	49.7	
336.3	321.7	14.6	4.3%	2000	347.0	62.5	71.1	37.3	43.6	50.2	
335.8	319.7	16.1	4.8%	2001	342.3	58.8	69.9	36.0	45.0	50.4	
334.2	312.5	21.7	6.5%	2002	334.0	55.4	66.5	33.6	46.8	50.9	
334.8	310.9	23.9	7.1%	2003	330.1	52.7	66.0	33.9	46.3	50.8	
336.5	312.9	23.6	7.0%	2004	329.6	51.3	64.8	34.6	46.7	50.2	
335.9	313.6	22.3	6.6%	2005	330.7	51.2	64.6	34.0	49.8	50.3	
340.0	319.2	20.8	6.1%	2006	332.9	50.4	65.1	34.4	51.3	50.8	
				2006							
336.6	312.4	24.2	7.2%	January	326.7	50.3	64.3	33.5	50.7	51.2	
335.1	312.0	23.1	6.9%	February	326.9	50.1	63.4	33.4	51.1	52.1	
336.3	315.8	20.5	6.1%	March	330.7	50.5	63.8	33.9	51.4	52.3	
336.6	316.6	19.9	5.9%	April	332.5	51.1	63.9	34.1	51.1	52.0	
337.6	318.9	18.7	5.5%	May	334.9	50.9	64.3	34.1	51.4	51.7	
339.6	319.6	20.0	5.9%	June	334.3	51.6	65.1	34.7	51.3	47.3	
344.2	318.9	25.3	7.3%	July	329.1	48.5	65.5	34.3	50.8	45.9	
341.8	321.1	20.7	6.0%	August	331.9	49.8	65.7	34.7	51.2	46.9	
341.5	322.5	19.0	5.6%	September	336.3	50.6	65.4	34.8	51.5	51.7	
344.0	325.6	18.4	5.3%	October	337.7	50.5	65.8	35.1	51.7	53.0	
343.6	324.0	19.6	5.7%	November	337.6	50.3	66.9	35.2	51.6	53.2	
342.7	322.4	20.3	5.9%	December	336.0	50.3	67.4	35.1	51.6	52.5	
				2007							
341.7	315.1	26.7	7.8%	January	325.6	49.6	63.9	33.0	51.1	51.5	

Toledo MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment ^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	January 2007 ^b	December 2006 ^c	January 2006 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	325.6	336.0	326.7	-10.4	-1.1
Goods-Producing Industries	63.3	65.0	64.3	-1.7	-1.0
Natural Resources, Mining, and Construction	13.7	14.7	14.0	-1.0	-0.3
Manufacturing	49.6	50.3	50.3	-0.7	-0.7
Durable Goods ^d	36.1	36.9	36.5	-0.8	-0.4
Nonmetallic Mineral Products	5.8	5.9	5.6	-0.1	0.2
Transportation Equipment	13.6	14.4	14.3	-0.8	-0.7
Service-Providing Industries	262.3	271.0	262.4	-8.7	-0.1
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	63.9	67.4	64.3	-3.5	-0.4
Wholesale Trade	13.6	13.9	13.7	-0.3	-0.1
Retail Trade	35.5	37.8	35.8	-2.3	-0.3
General Merchandise Stores ^e	8.4	9.3	8.4	-0.9	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	14.8	15.7	14.8	-0.9	0.0
Transportation and Warehousing	13.2	14.0	13.1	-0.8	0.1
Information	4.1	4.2	4.1	-0.1	0.0
Financial Activities	12.7	12.8	13.1	-0.1	-0.4
Professional and Business Services	33.0	35.1	33.5	-2.1	-0.5
Professional and Technical Services	11.7	11.8	11.5	-0.1	0.2
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	16.7	18.4	17.2	-1.7	-0.5
Educational and Health Services	51.1	51.6	50.7	-0.5	0.4
Health Care and Social Assistance	47.2	47.5	46.4	-0.3	0.8
Hospitals	15.8	16.0	16.5	-0.2	-0.7
Leisure and Hospitality	31.3	32.3	30.7	-1.0	0.6
Accommodation and Food Services	27.0	27.7	27.0	-0.7	0.0
Other Services	14.7	15.1	14.8	-0.4	-0.1
Government	51.5	52.5	51.2	-1.0	0.3
Federal Government	2.5	2.5	2.6	0.0	-0.1
State Government	17.6	18.3	17.6	-0.7	0.0
State Government Education ^f	13.2	13.8	12.9	-0.6	0.3
Local Government	31.4	31.7	31.0	-0.3	0.4
Local Government Education	17.1	18.1	17.1	-1.0	0.0

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^fIncludes State universities. Excludes hospitals, the agricultural extension service, agricultural research centers, and the Ohio Department of Education. ^gDepressed due to labor-management disputes. ^hNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in industry definition.

Weirton-Steubenville

Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Ohio
County
Jefferson

West
Virginia
Counties
Brooke
Hancock



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Weirton-Steubenville metropolitan area totaled 45,300 in January 2007, down 1,800 from December 2006. Declines in most sectors, especially in educational and health services (-700), lowered employment in service-providing industries 1,400. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 9,500, dropped 400 due to modest reductions in natural resources, mining, and construction and manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment fell 1,000 between January 2006 and January 2007. Over the-year losses in manufacturing and natural resources, mining, and construction lowered employment in goods-producing industries 1,400. The service-providing sector gained 400 jobs as increases in professional and business services and leisure and hospitality exceeded decreases in trade, transportation, and utilities and government.

Weirton-Steubenville MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
58.1	53.3	4.8	8.2%
57.6	51.7	5.9	10.2%
57.3	53.9	3.4	5.9%
56.6	52.9	3.7	6.5%
59.1	56.0	3.0	5.1%
58.6	55.5	3.1	5.3%
58.5	54.9	3.6	6.2%
58.9	54.9	4.0	6.7%
58.1	53.6	4.5	7.8%
57.4	53.1	4.3	7.4%
57.0	52.9	4.1	7.3%
56.1	51.5	4.5	8.1%
56.8	52.2	4.5	8.0%
56.8	52.7	4.2	7.3%
56.9	52.7	4.2	7.4%
57.2	53.2	4.0	7.1%
57.4	53.2	4.2	7.4%
57.8	53.5	4.3	7.4%
57.0	52.9	4.1	7.2%
57.1	53.2	3.9	6.8%
57.1	53.4	3.7	6.4%
57.3	53.3	4.0	7.0%
56.7	52.7	4.0	7.0%
55.0	51.1	3.9	7.0%

Weirton-Steubenville MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
1996	50.4	13.4	9.7	2.2	7.4	6.3
1997	49.1	11.9	9.3	2.5	7.4	6.4
1998	51.5	13.5	9.0	2.9	7.5	6.4
1999	50.8	13.1	8.8	2.6	7.7	6.5
2000	50.1	12.7	8.7	2.3	7.8	6.6
2001	49.6	11.7	8.7	2.3	8.8	6.5
2002	49.7	11.5	8.5	2.4	8.9	6.5
2003	50.0	10.7	8.7	3.0 ^a	9.3	6.4
2004	48.5	9.6	8.4	3.0	9.3	6.4
2005	47.6	8.8	8.6	3.0	9.1	6.3
2006	47.3	8.5	8.5	3.3	9.1	6.3
2006						
January	46.3	9.1	8.5	3.0	8.5	6.2
February	47.2	9.1	8.4	3.1	9.3	6.3
March	47.9	9.2	8.4	3.1	9.5	6.4
April	47.4	8.1	8.5	3.2	9.5	6.3
May	47.9	8.2	8.6	3.2	9.5	6.4
June	47.3	8.2	8.6	3.3	8.7	6.4
July	47.0	8.2	8.7	3.4	8.4	6.2
August	46.8	8.3	8.6	3.4	8.5	6.1
September	47.4	8.5	8.5	3.4	9.0	6.1
October	47.4	8.3	8.4	3.5	9.3	6.2
November	47.7	8.3	8.4	3.5	9.3	6.2
December	47.1	8.1	8.6	3.5	9.2	6.2
2007						
January	45.3	7.9	8.3	3.4	8.5	6.1

^aNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in industry definition.

Weirton-Steubenville MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	January 2007 ^b	December 2006 ^c	January 2006 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	45.3	47.1	46.3	-1.8	-1.0
Goods-Producing Industries	9.5	9.9	10.9	-0.4	-1.4
Natural Resources, Mining, and Construction	1.6	1.8	1.8	-0.2	-0.2
Manufacturing^d	7.9	8.1	9.1	-0.2	-1.2
Service-Providing Industries	35.8	37.2	35.4	-1.4	0.4
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	8.3	8.6	8.5	-0.3	-0.2
Retail Trade	5.3	5.6	5.4	-0.3	-0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	2.0	2.1	2.0	-0.1	0.0
Professional and Business Services	3.4	3.5	3.0	-0.1	0.4
Educational and Health Services	8.5	9.2	8.5	-0.7	0.0
Leisure and Hospitality	5.6	5.9	5.2	-0.3	0.4
Government	6.1	6.2	6.2	-0.1	-0.1
Local Government	5.5	5.6	5.5	-0.1	0.0
Local Government Education	3.2	3.3	3.3	-0.1	-0.1

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; transportation equipment; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

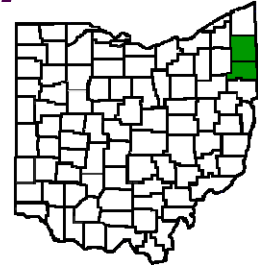
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman

Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

**Ohio
Counties**
Mahoning
Trumbull

**PA
County**
Mercer



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Youngstown-Warren-Boardman metropolitan area dropped 8,600 below the December 2006 level to 235,100 in January 2007. Seasonal declines in trade, transportation, and utilities and leisure and hospitality, the temporary layoff of nonteaching personnel in state and local schools and colleges, and less business in educational and health services helped lower employment in service-providing industries 5,800. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 46,100, lost 2,800 jobs over the month as reductions occurred in durable-goods manufacturing and natural resources, mining, and construction.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment fell 3,800 between January 2006 and January 2007. Losses in manufacturing and natural resources, mining, and construction lowered employment in goods-producing industries 3,600 over the year. Service-providing industries declined 200. Lowered employment in trade, transportation, and utilities, other services, and financial activities outweighed modest improvements in information, professional and business services, educational and health services, and leisure and hospitality.

Youngstown-Warren-Boardman MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
287.8	270.1	17.7	6.1%
289.9	273.1	16.8	5.8%
290.1	273.3	16.8	5.8%
287.5	272.0	15.5	5.4%
283.4	269.2	14.2	5.0%
279.7	263.5	16.3	5.8%
279.4	260.6	18.8	6.7%
280.2	260.0	20.3	7.2%
280.4	260.1	20.3	7.2%
281.2	262.4	18.8	6.7%
280.1	262.6	17.5	6.2%
2006			
277.1	258.0	19.1	6.9%
277.1	257.7	19.4	7.0%
277.7	259.8	17.8	6.4%
279.4	262.2	17.2	6.2%
279.7	263.8	15.9	5.7%
281.6	264.4	17.3	6.1%
285.5	265.9	19.5	6.8%
281.3	264.0	17.3	6.1%
279.2	262.8	16.4	5.9%
280.4	264.7	15.7	5.6%
280.9	264.2	16.7	5.9%
281.0	263.8	17.2	6.1%
2007			
276.5	256.7	19.8	7.2%

Youngstown-Warren-Boardman MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)					
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government
249.5	58.9	50.2	18.0	34.6	30.5
253.9	58.3	51.7	20.7	34.8	30.6
254.5	56.5	52.2	21.3	35.8	31.0
256.1	54.6	52.9	21.8	36.7	31.6
256.6	53.1	54.0	20.8	37.5	32.2
248.9	48.1	52.2	20.0	38.5	32.6
246.1	45.3	50.4	20.5	40.0	32.6
243.6	42.5	51.0	18.7	40.9	32.7
242.2	41.3	50.8	18.4	41.3	32.4
244.9	40.9	51.5	20.5	42.8	31.7
242.6	40.1	51.1	21.0	42.2	31.7
2006					
238.9	40.8	51.1	20.6	41.7	31.4
239.4	40.6	50.1	20.6	42.5	32.4
241.2	40.6	50.5	20.8	42.6	32.7
244.0	40.8	50.9	20.9	42.7	32.3
245.9	40.8	51.2	21.0	42.6	32.9
244.9	40.9	51.5	21.4	41.5	31.2
242.6	40.6	51.2	20.9	41.6	29.5
241.2	39.7	50.8	21.1	41.3	29.4
242.7	39.1	50.7	21.0	41.8	31.5
243.2	39.1	51.2	21.0	42.3	32.0
244.0	39.1	51.8	21.1	42.7	32.6
243.7	39.1	52.4	21.1	42.8	32.5
2007					
235.1	37.5	50.5	20.8	41.9	31.4

Youngstown-Warren-Boardman MSA

Nonagricultural

Wage & Salary Employment ^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	January 2007 ^b	December 2006 ^c	January 2006 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	235.1	243.7	238.9	-8.6	-3.8
Goods-Producing Industries	46.1	48.9	49.7	-2.8	-3.6
Natural Resources, Mining, and Construction	8.6	9.8	8.9	-1.2	-0.3
Manufacturing^d	37.5	39.1	40.8	-1.6	-3.3
Durable Goods	31.6	33.4	35.1	-1.8	-3.5
Primary Metals	10.2	11.6	12.7	-1.4	-2.5
Service-Providing Industries	189.0	194.8	189.2	-5.8	-0.2
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	50.5	52.4	51.1	-1.9	-0.6
Wholesale Trade	9.0	9.0	9.1	0.0	-0.1
Retail Trade	32.5	34.4	33.0	-1.9	-0.5
General Merchandise Stores	5.8	6.3	6.0	-0.5	-0.2
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	9.0	9.0	9.0	0.0	0.0
Information	3.4	3.5	3.2	-0.1	0.2
Financial Activities	9.5	9.6	9.6	-0.1	-0.1
Financial and Insurance	6.9	6.9	6.9	0.0	0.0
Professional and Business Services^h	20.8	21.1	20.6	-0.3	0.2
Educational and Health Services	41.9	42.8	41.7	-0.9	0.2
Health Care and Social Assistance	39.3	40.0	39.1	-0.7	0.2
Hospitals	10.4	10.7	11.2	-0.3	-0.8
Leisure and Hospitality	21.4	22.7	21.2	-1.3	0.2
Other Services	10.1	10.2	10.4	-0.1	-0.3
Government	31.4	32.5	31.4	-1.1	0.0
Federal Government	2.1	2.1	2.1	0.0	0.0
State Government	5.9	6.5	5.9	-0.6	0.0
State Government Education ^e	2.8	3.6	2.9	-0.8	-0.1
Local Government	23.4	23.9	23.4	-0.5	0.0
Local Government Education	14.9	15.1	14.9	-0.2	0.0

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eIncludes State universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service, agricultural research centers, and the Ohio Department of Education. ^fDepressed due to labor-management disputes. ^hNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in industry definition.

Hours and Earnings of Manufacturing Production Workers^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
January 2007 ^b	December 2006 ^c	January 2006 ^c	January 2007 ^b	December 2006 ^c	January 2006 ^c	January 2007 ^b	December 2006 ^c	January 2006 ^c

Akron MSA

Manufacturing	\$714.74	\$724.62	\$648.23	41.7	42.4	41.5	\$17.14	\$17.09	\$15.62
Durable Goods	771.92	788.53	663.13	43.1	44.2	42.7	17.91	17.84	15.53

Canton-Massillon MSA

Manufacturing	\$573.43	\$608.34	\$666.21	36.9	39.4	38.2	\$15.54	\$15.44	\$17.44
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Cincinnati-Middletown MSA

Manufacturing	\$863.20	\$850.68	\$791.86	41.6	41.7	41.2	\$20.75	\$20.40	\$19.22
Durable Goods	1,029.16	990.93	923.59	44.0	43.5	43.3	23.39	22.78	21.33
Nondurable Goods	638.46	667.04	609.35	38.3	39.4	38.3	16.67	16.93	15.91

Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor MSA

Manufacturing	\$809.42	\$795.45	\$807.73	42.4	41.8	41.7	\$19.09	\$19.03	\$19.37
Durable Goods	893.81	874.00	886.13	43.2	42.1	42.5	20.69	20.76	20.85
Nondurable Goods	576.47	581.60	578.00	40.2	40.9	39.4	14.34	14.22	14.67

Columbus MSA

Manufacturing	\$760.61	\$781.38	\$803.29	41.7	42.1	41.3	\$18.24	\$18.56	\$19.45
Durable Goods	831.73	848.60	881.16	41.4	41.7	41.9	20.09	20.35	21.03
Nondurable Goods	613.35	639.86	622.87	42.3	42.8	39.8	14.50	14.95	15.65

Dayton MSA

Manufacturing	\$738.94	\$821.64	\$817.67	39.6	41.0	40.2	\$18.66	\$20.04	\$20.34
Durable Goods ^d	768.00	864.31	854.17	40.4	42.1	39.6	19.01	20.53	21.57

Toledo MSA

Manufacturing	\$818.99	\$827.75	\$862.42	41.7	41.1	40.3	\$19.64	\$20.14	\$21.40
Durable Goods	981.82	959.04	885.49	43.1	42.1	40.9	22.78	22.78	21.65

Youngstown-Warren-Boardman MSA

Manufacturing	\$1,072.68	\$1,189.73	\$1,231.85	42.0	43.2	44.2	\$25.54	\$27.54	\$27.87
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^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in sample composition.

Technical Notes

Civilian Labor Force Estimates

Civilian Labor Force. Estimated number of persons 16 years of age and over, employed or unemployed during week including 12th of month, distributed by place of residence.

Total Employed. Includes nonagricultural wage and salary workers, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agricultural workers, and persons involved in labor disputes. Employment distributed by place of residence.

Total Unemployed. Estimated number of persons, by place of residence, who did not work during reference week and were looking for work, whether or not eligible for unemployment compensation. Includes those who did not work and were waiting to be called back to an old job or to report to a new job.

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment

Collection. Nonagricultural wage and salary employment as well as hours and earnings estimates based on monthly reports from sample of employers. Under cooperative arrangement with U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Bureau of Labor Market Information mails, edits, and processes Ohio reports, which are subsequently incorporated in national data.

Industrial Classification. Employer establishments classified by industry based on their principal product or service. The "North American Industry Classification System" (U.S. Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C., 2002) used for classification.

Coverage. Monthly reports on employment and (for many industries) payroll and hours obtained from approximately 12,100 Ohio employers.

Nonagricultural Employment. Persons who worked during, or received pay for, any part of pay periods which include 12th of the month, distributed by place of employment. Includes persons on paid sick leave, paid holiday, or paid vacation. Excluded are persons laid off, on strike, or on unpaid vacation during entire reporting period. Proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers also excluded. Government employment covers only civilian employees. Full-time teachers considered employed during the summer vacation period, whether or not paid in those months.

Estimating Method. Total employment is estimated from the employment of establishments reporting for two consecutive months, as follows:

$$\text{Total Employment (Current month)} = \text{Total Employment (Previous month)} \times \frac{\text{Current Sample Employment}}{\text{Previous Sample Employment}}$$

Benchmark Data. Employment estimates compared annually with complete count of employment, by industry. Where revisions necessary, monthly estimates adjusted to new benchmark. Following revisions to new benchmark, industry data projected forward to current month by use of sample trends. Basic source of benchmark information is tabulations of employment data, by industry and area, compiled from contribution reports of employers covered under Ohio Unemployment Compensation Law. Data are based on March 2006 benchmark.

Seasonally Adjusted Estimates

Seasonal Adjustment. To facilitate interpretation of underlying economic trends, selected Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment series are presented with short-term effects of seasonal patterns removed.

Hours and Earnings

Method of Computing Averages. Average hours computed by dividing total production worker hours worked during one week (the seven-day periods which include 12th of the month) by number of production workers reported for such week. Average hourly earnings computed by dividing total production worker payroll for one week by total production worker hours for week. Average weekly earnings derived by multiplying average hourly earnings by average weekly hours.

Definitions. Definitions of production or similar workers, payroll, and hours-from which average hours and earnings data are derived--follow:

Production Workers. Includes working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial and guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (such as power plant), and record keeping and other services closely associated with production operations.

Nonsupervisory Workers. Includes employees (not above working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, attendants, service employees, line installers, laborers, accountants, janitors, guards, and other employees whose services are closely associated with those of occupations listed.

Payroll. Represents payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of pay periods which include 12th of month. Payroll is reported before deductions for Social Security, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, and union dues; also includes pay for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period), tips, pay not earned in pay period reported (such as retroactive pay), and value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payments in kind, excluded.

Employment Error Measures. Error measures for state and area employment estimates are available on the following website:
<http://www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm>.

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF JOB AND FAMILY SERVICES
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